# Aero: Audio Super Resolution in the Spectral Domain

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#### Audio Super Resolution



#### Audio Super Resolution



# Waveform vs Spectral Methods

#### Waveform Methods



#### **Spectral Methods**



#### Prior Work

Paper	Input	Method
T-Film, Birnbaum et al. 2017	Waveform	U-Net
SeaNET, Li et al. 2020	Waveform	U-Net, Adversarial
NuWave 2, Han and Lee 2022	Waveform	Diffusion
SSR-GAN, Eskimez et al. 2019	Spectral (Magnitude)	U-Net, Adversarial
NU-GAN, Kumar et al. 2020	Spectral (Magnitude)	U-Net, Adversarial
Phase-Aware, Hu et al. 2020	Spectral (Magnitude, Phase)	U-Net, Adversarial
BEHM-GAN, Moliner and Valimaki 2022	Spectral (Complex)	U-Net, Adversarial

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# **Proposed Model**

#### **Proposed Model**



#### Encoder



#### **Adversarial Losses**

MelGAN, Kumar et al.

$$\mathcal{L}_G^{\mathrm{adv}} = E_x[rac{1}{K}\sum_{k,t}rac{1}{T_k}\max(0,1-D_{k,t}(\hat{y}))]$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{G}^{\text{ft}} = E_{x} \left[ \frac{1}{KL} \sum_{k,l} \frac{1}{T_{k,l}} \sum_{t} |D_{k,t}^{(l)}(y) - D_{k,t}^{(l)}(\hat{y})| \right]$$



(b) Discriminator

$$\mathcal{L}_D = E_y \left[\frac{1}{K} \sum_k \frac{1}{T_k} \sum_t \max(0, 1 - D_{k,t}(y))\right] + E_x \left[\frac{1}{K} \sum_k \frac{1}{T_k} \sum_t \max(0, 1 + D_{k,t}(\hat{y}))\right]$$

#### Multi-Resolution STFT Loss

Parallel WaveGAN, Yamamoto et al.

$$\mathcal{L}_G^{ ext{stft}} = \sum_{i=1}^M L^i_{ ext{sc}}(y, \hat{y}) + L^i_{ ext{mag}}(y, \hat{y})$$

 $L_{\rm sc}(y, \hat{y}) = \frac{\||STFT(y)| - |STFT(\hat{y})|\|_{F}}{\|STFT(y)\|_{F}}$ 

$$L_{\max}(y, \hat{y}) = \frac{1}{T} \|\log |STFT(y)| - \log |STFT(\hat{y})|\|_{1}$$

#### **Spectral Upsampling Method**



### Artifact At Verge



#### **Spectral Upsampling Method**



## Datasets, Metrics, and Baselines

#### Datasets

Dataset	Domain	Source to Target Sample Rate (kHz)
		8 → 16
VCTK	Speech	8 → 24
VCIK	Speech	4 → 16
		12 <del>→</del> 48
MusDB	Music	11 → 44

#### Metrics

• Log Spectral Distance (LSD)

$$LSD(\hat{y}, y) = \frac{1}{T} \sum_{\tau=1}^{T} \sqrt{\frac{1}{K} \sum_{\kappa=1}^{K} (\hat{Y}(\tau, \kappa) - Y(\tau, \kappa))^2}$$

- Virtual Speech Quality
  Objective Listener (ViSQOL)
- MUSHRA



#### Baselines

Baseline	Domain	Input	Method
SeaNET, Li et al.	Speech, Music	Waveform	U-Net, Adversarial
T-Film, Birnbaum et al.	Speech	Waveform	U-Net
NuWave 2, Han and Lee	Speech	Waveform	Diffusion
BEHM-GAN, Moliner and Valimaki	Music	Spectral	U-Net, Adversarial

# Results

#### **Results: Speech**

Table 1: L, V and M denote LSD, ViSQOL and MUSHRA respectively. MUSHRA score is specified with a  $\pm$  Confidence Interval of 0.95.

		8-1	6		8-2	4		4-1	6		12-4	18
	L↓	$V\uparrow$	$\mathrm{M}\uparrow$	L↓	$V\uparrow$	$\mathrm{M}\uparrow$	L↓	$V\uparrow$	$\mathrm{M}\uparrow$	L↓	$V\uparrow$	$\mathrm{M}\uparrow$
Reference	-	-	$96.25{\scriptstyle \pm 1.5}$	-	-	$97.16{\scriptstyle\pm1.4}$	-	-	$96.18 \pm 1.5$	-	-	$98.47{\scriptstyle\pm0.9}$
Anchor	-	-	$54.65{\scriptstyle \pm 4.3}$	-	-	$56.21{\pm}4.4$	-	-	$41.14{\scriptstyle \pm 3.8}$	-	-	$67.76{\scriptstyle \pm 4.1}$
Sinc	2.32	3.41	$60.13{\pm}4.7$	2.96	3.41	$59.49{\scriptstyle\pm4.8}$	3.59	2.27	$43.03 \pm 3.9$	3.36	4.33	$69.77{\pm}4.3$
TFiLM	1.27	3.18	$58.53{\pm}4.0$	-	-	-	1.77	2.25	$41.91 {\pm} 4.0$	-	-	-
SEANet	0.79	4.08	$91.23 \pm 2.9$	0.91	4.06	$94.16 {\pm} 2.2$	0.99	3.16	$89.40 \pm 3.2$	0.86	4.71	$96.17 {\pm} 1.6$
NuWave2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.34	4.42	$84.87{\scriptstyle \pm 4.5}$
Ours $(^{256}/_{512})$	0.84	4.02	$90.58 \pm 2.3$	0.99	4.03	$\textbf{96.40}{\scriptstyle \pm 1.9}$	1.04	3.04	$86.14 \pm 3.4$	0.92	4.67	$96.71{\scriptstyle \pm 1.8}$
Ours $(128/512)$	0.80	4.11	$92.63 {\pm} 2.4$	0.91	4.12	$95.41 {\pm} 2.0$	0.99	3.15	$92.05{\scriptstyle \pm 2.7}$	-	-	-
Ours $(64/512)$	0.77	4.16	$94.64{\scriptstyle \pm 1.6}$	0.90	4.17	$94.45{\scriptstyle \pm 2.1}$	0.94	3.28	$90.61{\scriptstyle \pm 3.1}$	-	-	-

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	8-16		6	8-24			4-1	6		12-4	18	
	$L\downarrow$	$V\uparrow$	$\mathrm{M}\uparrow$	$L\downarrow$	$V\uparrow$	$\mathrm{M}\uparrow$	L↓	$V\uparrow$	$\mathrm{M}\uparrow$	$L\downarrow$	$V\uparrow$	$\mathrm{M}\uparrow$
Reference	-	-	$96.25 \pm 1.5$	-	-	$97.16 \pm 1.4$	-	-	$96.18{\scriptstyle \pm 1.5}$	-	-	$98.47 \pm 0.9$
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#### **Results: Speech**

Table 1: L, V and M denote LSD, ViSQOL and MUSHRA respectively. MUSHRA score is specified with a  $\pm$  Confidence Interval of 0.95.

	8-16			8-24		4-16			12-4	48		
	$L\downarrow$	$V\uparrow$	$\mathrm{M}\uparrow$	$L\downarrow$	$V\uparrow$	$\mathrm{M}\uparrow$	$L\downarrow$	$V\uparrow$	$\mathrm{M}\uparrow$	$ $ L $\downarrow$	$V\uparrow$	$\mathrm{M}\uparrow$
Reference	-	-	$96.25 \pm 1.5$	-	-	$97.16 \pm 1.4$	-	-	$96.18 \pm 1.5$	-	-	$98.47{\scriptstyle\pm0.9}$
Anchor	-	-	$54.65{\scriptstyle \pm 4.3}$	-	-	$56.21{\pm}4.4$	-	-	$41.14 \pm 3.8$	-	-	$67.76{\scriptstyle \pm 4.1}$
Sinc	2.32	3.41	$60.13 {\pm} 4.7$	2.96	3.41	$59.49 {\pm} 4.8$	3.59	2.27	$43.03 \pm 3.9$	3.36	4.33	$69.77{\scriptstyle\pm4.3}$
TFiLM	1.27	3.18	$58.53 \pm 4.0$	-	-	-	1.77	2.25	$41.91 \pm 4.0$	-	-	-
SEANet	0.79	4.08	$91.23 \pm 2.9$	0.91	4.06	$94.16 \pm 2.2$	0.99	3.16	$89.40 \pm 3.2$	0.86	4.71	$96.17 {\pm} 1.6$
NuWave2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.34	4.42	$84.87{\scriptstyle \pm 4.5}$
Ours $(^{256}/_{512})$	0.84	4.02	$90.58 \pm 2.3$	0.99	4.03	$96.40{\scriptstyle \pm 1.9}$	1.04	3.04	$86.14 \pm 3.4$	0.92	4.67	$96.71{\scriptstyle \pm 1.8}$
Ours $(128/512)$	0.80	4.11	$92.63 \pm 2.4$	0.91	4.12	$95.41 \pm 2.0$	0.99	3.15	$92.05{\scriptstyle \pm 2.7}$	-	-	-
Ours $(64/512)$	0.77	4.16	$94.64{\scriptstyle \pm 1.6}$	0.90	4.17	$94.45{\scriptstyle \pm 2.1}$	0.94	3.28	$90.61{\scriptstyle\pm3.1}$	-	-	-

#### Results: Music

	11-44				
	L↓	V↑	M↑		
Reference	-	-	$95.30{\scriptstyle \pm 2.5}$		
Anchor	-	-	$46.55{\scriptstyle \pm 7.4}$		
Sinc	3.91	1.97	47.61±8.0		
TFiLM [4]	-	-	-		
SEANet [5]	1.13	2.88	$80.52{\pm}7.0$		
BEHMGAN [17]	1.80	2.01	$46.27{\scriptstyle\pm8.3}$		
Ours (256/512)	1.16	2.88	81.21±6.4		
Ours $(128/512)$	1.16	2.89	$81.67{\scriptstyle\pm6.8}$		
Ours (64/512)	1.12	2.88	$84.18{\scriptstyle\pm5.6}$		

### **Ablation Study**

We evaluate the following:

- Discriminators
- Component study
  - Activation function (ReLU/Snake)
  - Upsampling (Time/Spectral)
  - Frequency Transformer Block (FTB)
- Input size
  - Hop size and window length

#### **Experiments: Ablation Study - Discriminators**

	Setting	$LSD\downarrow$	VISQOL $\uparrow$	MUSHRA $\uparrow$
_	Reference	-	-	$92.49{\scriptstyle\pm2.2}$
	Anchor	-	-	$32.34 \pm 3.3$
	No disc.	0.8793	3.363	32.46±3.5
	1 MSD	0.978	3.202	85.79±3.0
	3 MSD	0.943	3.275	$85.57 {\pm} 2.9$
	Only feat. loss	0.986	3.253	77.64±3.7
	Only adv. loss	1.012	3.018	$73.96{\pm}4.0$

#### **Experiments: Ablation Study - Components**

	Activation	Upsampling	FTB	$ $ LSD $\downarrow$	VISQOL $\uparrow$
1	ReLU	spec.	yes	0.945	3.262
2	ReLU	spec.	no	0.952	3.273
3	ReLU	time	yes	0.957	3.263
4	ReLU	time	no	0.948	3.249
5	Snake	spec.	yes	0.943	3.275
6	Snake	spec.	no	0.958	3.243
7	Snake	time	yes	0.947	3.267
8	Snake	time	no	0.977	3.245

#### Experiments: Training/Inference Durations

hop/window	Training Duration Per Epoch (HH:MM)	Inference Duration (Sec.)
256/512	00:35	0.178
128/512	00:50	0.449
64/512	01:11	1.508

### Examples

Low Resolution

Enhanced



#### Examples

#### Low Resolution



#### Enhanced



#### **Open Source**

https://github.com/slp-rl/aero

### Conclusions

- Variety of sampling rates and domains.
- State of the art.
- Component ablation study.
- A novel pre-processing approach.

#### Future Work

- Multiple sample rates in a single model.
- Noisy environments.
- Cross domain generalization.
- Real time inference.
- Simultaneous speech enhancement tasks.

# Thank you

See our paper and samples at: <u>https://pages.cs.huji.ac.il/adiyoss-lab/aero/</u>