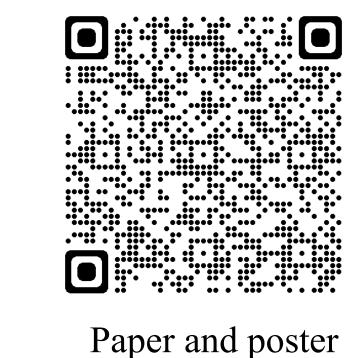
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Covariance-aware Feature Alignment with Pre-computed Source Statistics for Test-time Adaptation to Multiple Image Corruptions (TA.PA.2)

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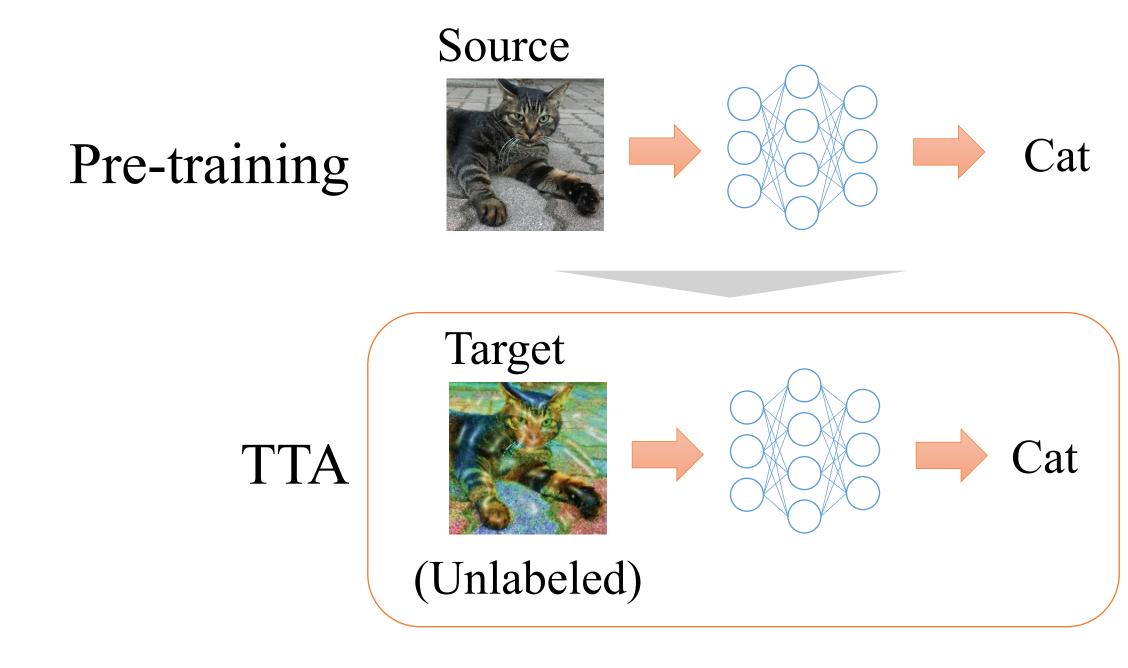
Paper and poster (IEEE SIGPORT)

Introduction

- Models degrade accuracy when distribution shift occurs
 - → Need to adapt models to the target domain
- Fine-tuning: additional annotation for target data required :
- Domain adaptation: simultaneous access to source and target data required
 - Obtaining target data in advance can be difficult 😕

Test-time Adaptation (TTA)

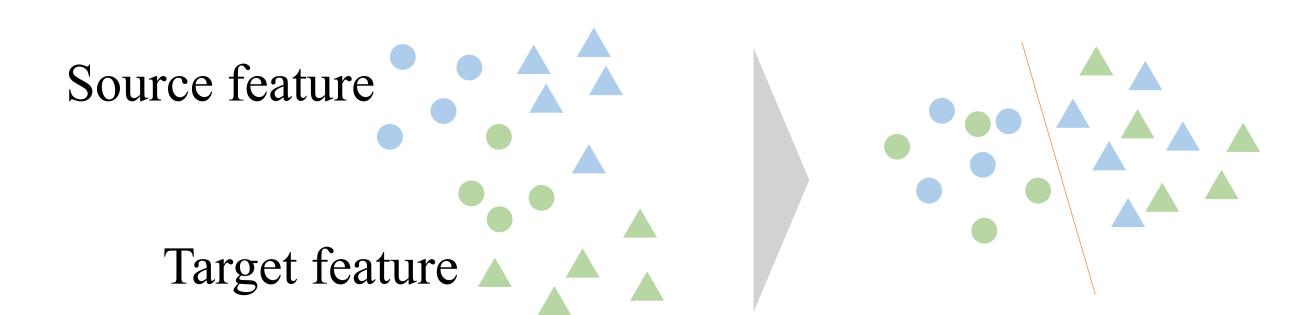
- Adapts a pre-trained model to the target domain with unlabeled target data
- Does not access source data



Proposed Method

• <u>Key Idea</u>

Feature alignment is important in domain adaptation
 → Can we improve TTA by feature alignment?

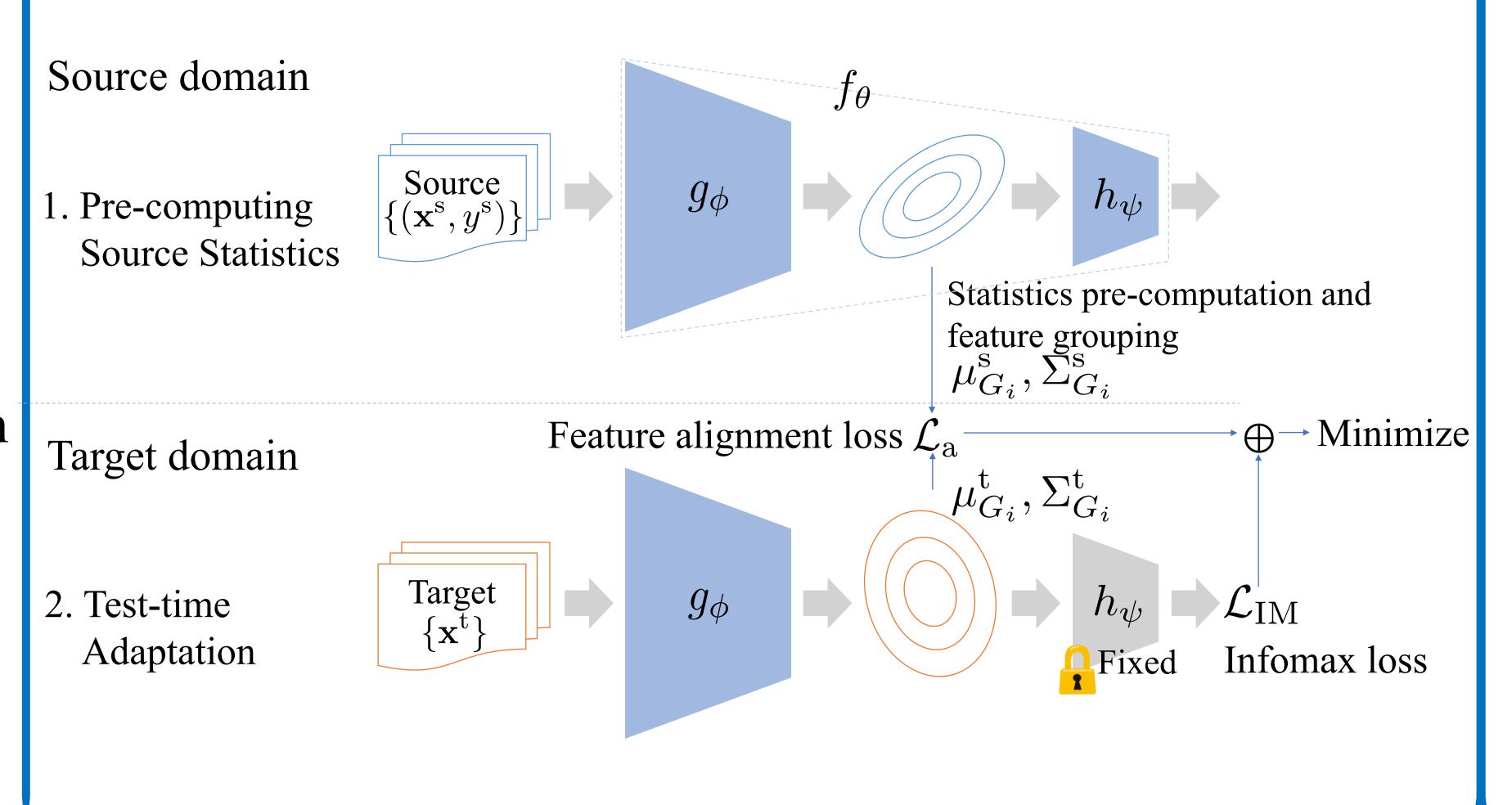


• Covariance-aware Feature alignment (CAFe)

- Aligns source and target features with pre-computed source statistics
 - → Source dataset itself is not required during TTA 😀
- Considering correlations between feature dimensions
 - → accurate feature alignment 😀

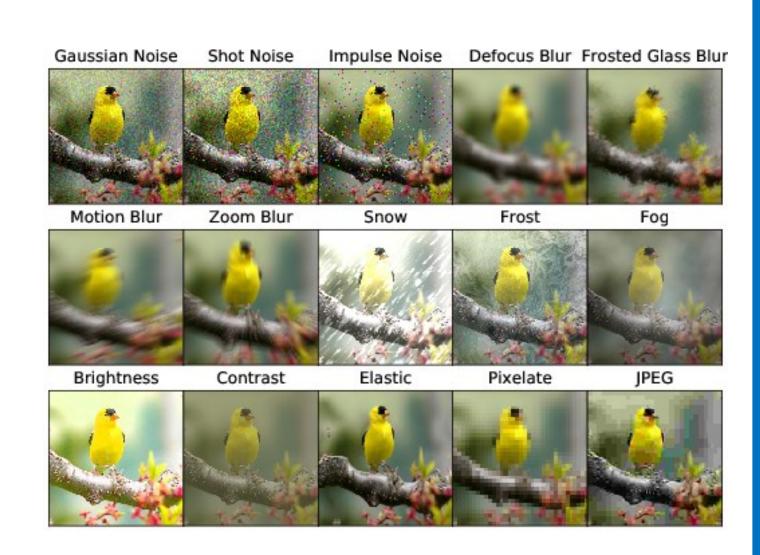
Feature alignment

- 1. Pre-computes the source statistics (mean and covariance)
- 2. Feature-grouping: makes groups of feature dimensions correlated with each other by spectral clustering
- 3. Aligns target batch statistics to the source one with KL-divergence



Experiment

- Benchmark TTA performance under image corruption
- Dataset
 - Source: CIFAR10/100, ImageNet
 - Target: CIFAR10/100-C, ImageNet-C



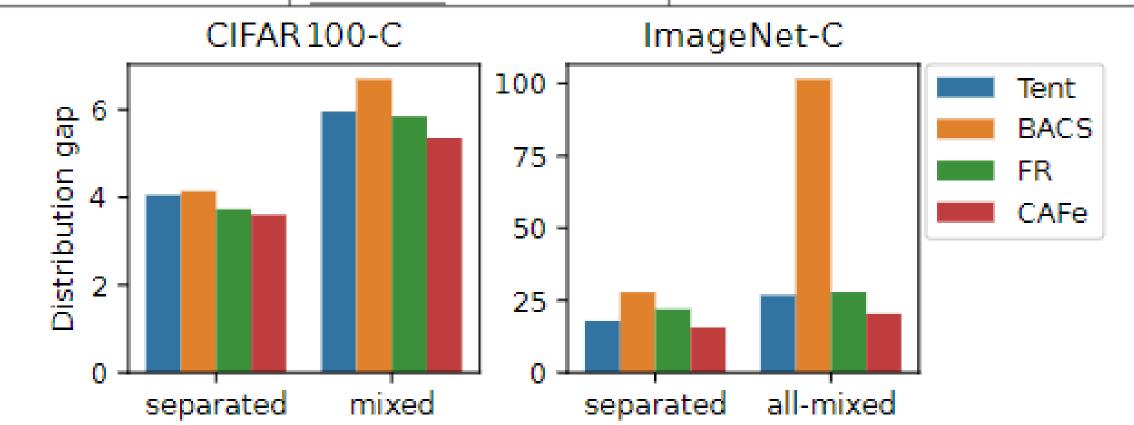
Type of distribution shift

- Separated: a single type and strength of corruption
- Severity-mixed: strengths are mixed
- All-mixed: types and strengths are mixed (harder)

Result

- <u>CAFe outperforms other TTA baselines</u>, especially in all-mixed case
- <u>CAFe reduces distribution gap</u> remains after TTA by feature alignment

Test accuracy after TTA							
	CIFAR10-C		CIFAR100-C		ImageNet-C		
Method	Separated	Mixed	Separated	Mixed	Separated	Severity-mixed	All-mixed
Source	63.75	$63.46_{\pm0.61}$	34.24	$34.16_{\pm0.20}$	39.14	$39.43_{\pm 0.00}$	$39.16_{\pm0.01}$
AdaBN [4]	$80.26_{\pm0.30}$	67.62 ± 0.13	$51.10_{\pm 0.25}$	38.52 ± 0.27	$50.28_{\pm0.02}$	$48.00_{\pm0.17}$	$39.85_{\pm0.18}$
T3A [9]	$66.02_{\pm0.02}$	$63.92_{\pm0.42}$	$36.05_{\pm 0.07}$	$34.10_{\pm0.49}$	$39.05_{\pm0.01}$	$39.28_{\pm0.03}$	$37.46_{\pm0.09}$
Tent [7]	$80.86_{\pm0.06}$	$68.59_{\pm0.30}$	$52.09_{\pm 0.07}$	$38.95_{\pm0.65}$	$58.97_{\pm0.03}$	$57.15_{\pm 0.05}$	$44.44_{\pm0.22}$
BACS [8]	$81.51_{\pm 0.02}$	$68.69_{\pm0.09}$	$53.00_{\pm 0.12}$	$39.65_{\pm0.32}$	$57.01_{\pm 0.19}$	$55.05_{\pm0.29}$	$33.07_{\pm 1.38}$
FR [21]	$80.71_{\pm 0.40}$	$68.31_{\pm 0.64}$	$51.50_{\pm 0.03}$	$39.44_{\pm0.32}$	$53.54_{\pm0.01}$	$50.38_{\pm0.20}$	40.52 ± 0.16
Infomax [23]	$81.40_{\pm 0.02}$	$69.01_{\pm 0.50}$	$52.48_{\pm 0.02}$	$39.78_{\pm0.36}$	$60.20_{\pm 0.05}$	$57.52_{\pm0.23}$	46.52 ± 0.08
CAFe (w/o infomax)	$81.11_{\pm 0.02}$	$69.02_{\pm 0.62}$	$51.83_{\pm 0.02}$	$38.71_{\pm0.11}$	$57.35_{\pm0.02}$	$54.43_{\pm 0.14}$	$43.83_{\pm0.16}$
CAFe (dimwise)	$81.40_{\pm0.02}$	$69.10_{\pm0.38}$	$52.48_{\pm0.02}$	39.83 ± 0.24	$60.29_{\pm 0.08}$	$58.60_{\pm0.36}$	$47.19_{\pm0.24}$
CAFe	$81.66_{\pm0.01}$	$\overline{70.06_{\pm0.25}}$	$52.79_{\pm 0.02}$	$\overline{40.01_{\pm0.36}}$	$\overline{60.77_{\pm0.09}}$	$\overline{59.04_{\pm 0.22}}$	$\overline{48.55_{\pm0.26}}$



Distribution gap (Fréchet distance) between source and target distributions remaining after TTA