

Search for gravitational wave probes – A self-supervised learning for pulsars based on signal contexts

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Training Pipeline

Results

Pulsars, the heartbeat of the universe



1. Five-hundred-meter Aperture Spherical radio Telescope (FAST)

- All radiation energy received by radio telescopes from the universe over the past 70 years cannot be flipped a page.
- Detect Gravitational Waves at nanohertz used Pulsar Timing Array succeed 2023. (Xu et al 2023 Res. Astron. Astrophys. 23 075024 DOI: 10.1088/1674-4527/acdfa5) Different from the ground-based laser detection method (LIGO and Virgo, 2015)





Fig 1. FAST, Arecibo, Effelesberg and Parkes telescopes.

2. The motivations of searching pulsars

- 1, Need More pulsars as GWs probes to become pulsar timing array.
- 2, Meaningful for astrophysics science, application of AI for science. Pulsar studies won Nobel prizes in Physics twice.

3, Challenges of deep learning: small example study, self-supervised learning, big data processing.

A systematic scientific engineering for 8 years. Our team has proposed a series of improvements for pulsar searching.







Fig 3. pulsar and its pulse signal



Pulsar Timing Array is a detected network in the universe. Fig 4. Classical pulsar profile and image





3. Pulsar searching

Two main strategies:

1, Period search (left): folding period signal to strength weak signals; need longer observation.

2, Single pulse search (right): depending on a small number of stronger signals; need higher sensitive observation.

Low frequency pulsars are seriously disturbed by temporal noise, which is unfavourable to the searching. Propose a new method combine two strategies.





Period search

Single pulse search



Tasks and Dataset

Two training Tasks:

PPTA Profile Prediction Auxiliary Task

NACL Negative Augmentation Contrastive Learning

Dataset: CRAFTS-drift scan dataset, which contains 1,835 training samples including 837 pulsar signals and 998 noise signals, 13,647 test samples including 326 pulsar signals and 13,321 noise signals.

Notice: (1) unlabeled (2) unbalanced (3) baseline model (PICS-ResNet) training by labeled and balanced samples comes from other telescope.

Train			Test		
Pos.	Neg.	Total	Pos.	Neg.	Total
837	998	1835	326	13321	13647



Li et al. 2018 IEEE MW







Science Data Bank

Training Pipeline





Training Pipeline



the red lines represent the prediction.



Fig 9. **Visualization** Grad-CAM of ResNet18 third layer in downstream pulsar detection task.



Fig 8. **NACL** Negative augmentation contrastive learning increases discrimination.



Results



The results of experiments

Both self-supervised tasks PPAT and NACL can improve the baseline method, which can be observed in the improvement of recall, AUC and the decrease of FPR.

Method	Signals	Recall	FPR	AUC
PICS[12]	All folded signals	0.9587	0.2039	0.9050
PICS-ResNet[13]	All folded signals	0.9610	0.1606	0.9133
SA-ResNet[14]	subbands+subints+DM	0.9863	0.0283	0.9734
baseline	subband+subint	0.9808	0.0892	0.9316
only PPAT (ours)	subband+subint	0.9818	0.0353	0.9678
only NACL (ours)	subband+subint	0.9826	0.0265	0.9729
both (ours)	subband+subint	0.9878	0.0211	0.9803

Results



The results of

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One More Thing: if pretrain PPAT first, it will be better.

Order	Recall	FPR
PPAT+NACL NACL+PPAT	0.9878 0.9820	0.0211 0.0294



Results

We find 32 new pulsars and 2 more Fast Radio Bursts



Fig 10. The sky map of the new pulsars find by our team.

Pulsars, the heartbeat of the universe



The voices of pulsars detected by FAST.



Wang et al. Listen the Universe: Sonification Recipes of Pulsars Base on Artifficial Intelligence (in prep.)

Jhonk Joos

