

Authors

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Introduction

Video inpainting

- Replacing the content of a region in a video with some other content which is visually plausible.
- **Applications:** Video editing, object removal...
- **Challenges:**
 - Moving objects reconstruction
 - Artifact (spatial/temporal incoherence)
 - Long computation times

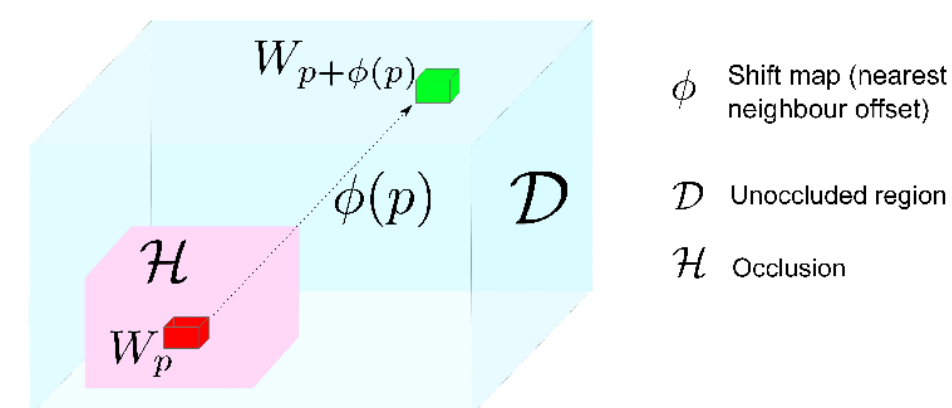


Proposed method

Optimize a global, patch-based function:

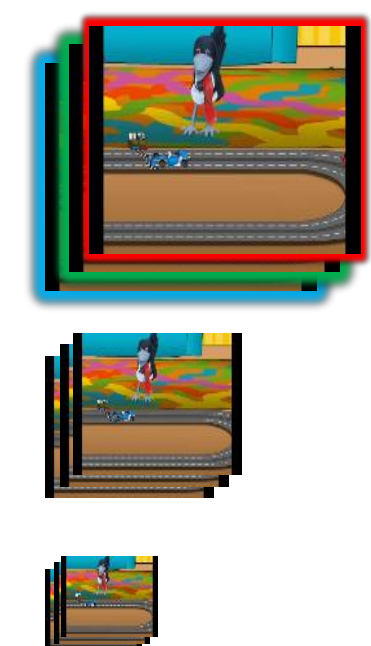
$$E(u, \phi) = \sum_{p \in \mathcal{H}} d^2(W_p^u, W_{p+\phi(p)}^u)$$

■ Target patch
■ Nearest neighbour patch



W_p : a patch centered at p

Multi-scale



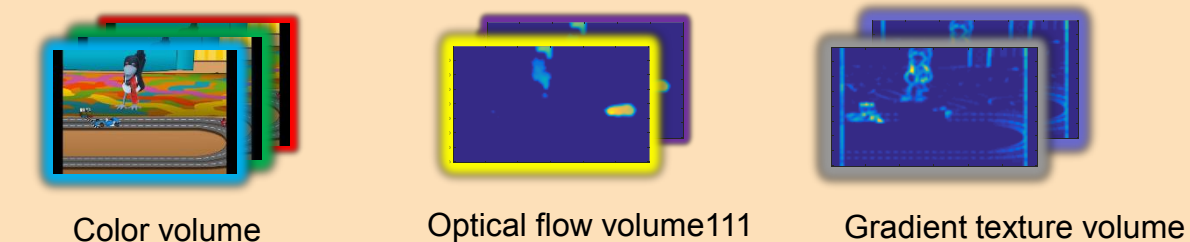
Nearest neighbor search

Find the nearest neighbor field with the following distance:

$$d^2(W_p^u, W_q^u) = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{r \in N_p} \alpha(\|u(r) - u(r - p + q)\|_2) + \beta(\|T(r) - T(r - p + q)\|_2) + \gamma(\|O(r) - O(r - p + q)\|_2)$$

$u = (R, G, B)$ color information
 $T = (|T_x|, |T_y|)$ texture information
 $O = (|O_x|, |O_y|)$ optical flow information

Pixel reconstruction



Weighted-mean based approach

$$u(p) = \frac{\sum_{q \in N_p} s_p^q u(p + \phi(q))}{\sum_{q \in N_p} s_p^q}, \forall p \in \mathcal{H}$$

$$s_p^q = \exp\left(\frac{d^2(W_q, W_{q+\phi(q)})}{2\delta_p^2}\right) \psi_p^q \phi_p^q$$

ϕ_p^q : Separation map

ψ_p^q : Confidence map

$$\phi_p^q = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } p \text{ and } q \text{ are of the same type (background / foreground)} \\ 0 & \text{if } p \text{ and } q \text{ are different type} \end{cases}$$

$$\psi_p^q = \begin{cases} (1 - C_0) \exp\left(-\frac{d(q, \Omega)}{\sigma^2}\right) + C_0 & \text{if } x \text{ is occluded} \\ 1 & \text{if } x \text{ is not occluded} \end{cases}$$

$d(q, \Omega)$ is distance from q to the border

Intensive use of the optical flow



Results

- + Moving objects reconstruction
- + Objects removal.

