# An Investigation of Noise Shaping with Perceptual Weighting for WaveNet-based Speech Generation

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## Towards Improvements of WaveNet

- WaveNet [van den Oord *et al.*, 2016]
- CNN used as an autoregressive model
- Modeling of quantized waveform signals as a discrete symbol sequence (*i.e.*, Markov modeling)
- No need to use source filter model
- Our contribution towards further improvements
  - C1. Analyze noise signals generated in WaveNet
- C2. Propose noise shaping to perceptually reduce them

#### C1. Analysis of noise generated in WaveNet

Analyze quantization error & prediction error







## Proposed noise shaping procedure for WaveNet

Training procedure (for WaveNet vocoder [Tamamori et al., 2017])



## **Experimental Evaluations**

#### Experimental conditions

Speech data	One Japanese female (16 kHz sampling) Training data: 7,365 sentences (4 hours) Test data: 30 sentences
Noise shaping/	MLSA filter ( $0^{th}$ through $39^{th}$ coefficients)
weighting miter	p. 1.0 (strongly snaping) to 0.0 (no snaping)
Network	Dilated causal convolution layers: 30
architecture	Convolution channels: 256
	Skip channels: 2,048
	Batch size: 20,000 samples
	Iteration times: 200,000
Objective	Signal-to-noise ratio (SNR)
evaluation	Log spectral distance (LSD)
measures	Mel-cepstral distortion (MCD)
Subjective	Preference test on naturalness
evaluation	Number of listeners: 15

#### • w/o noise shaping vs. w/ noise shaping

#### Result of objective evaluation

