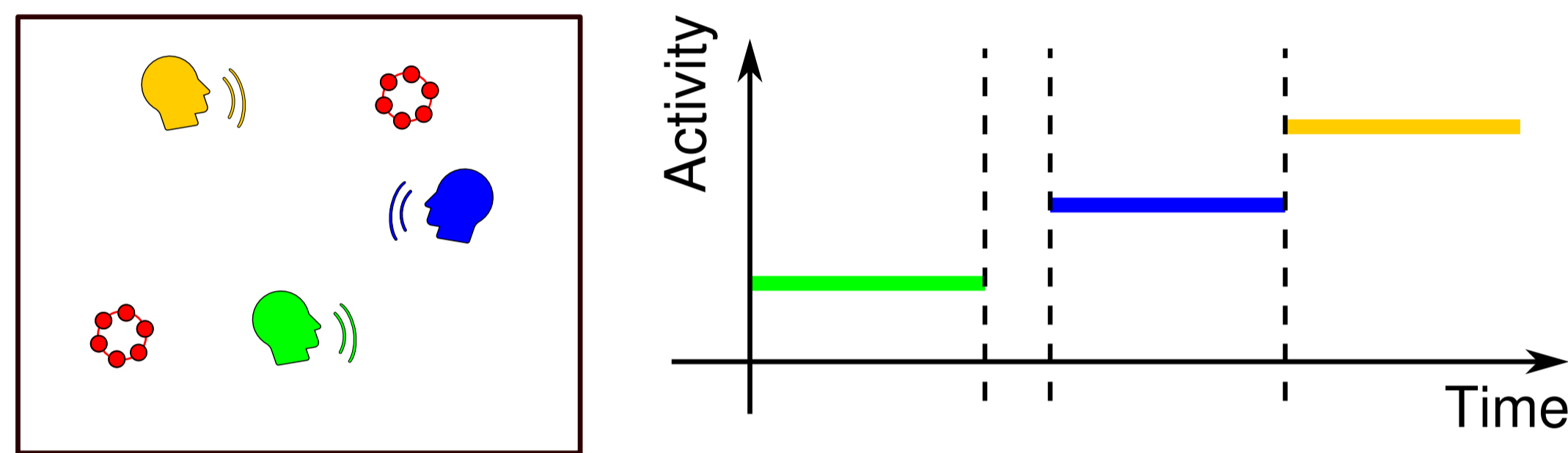


On Synchronization of Wireless Acoustic Sensor Networks in the Presence of Time-varying Sampling Rate Offsets and Speaker Changes

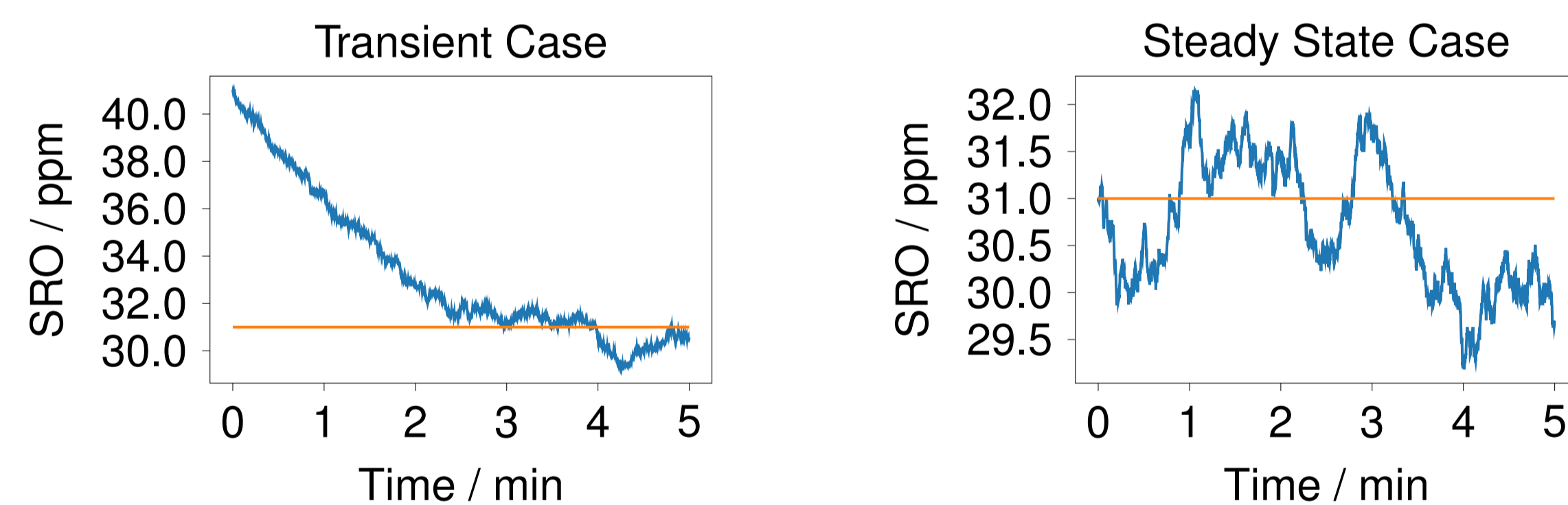
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Scenario



- Independent analog-digital converters (ADCs) \Rightarrow Sampling rate offset (SRO) & Sampling time offset (STO)
- Previous works: Constant SRO and fixed source positions
- Here: Time-varying SRO and source position changes

Time-varying SRO



- Transient case: Temperature changes, ...
- Steady state fluctuations: Supply voltage changes, ...
- Simulation via an Ornstein-Uhlenbeck process:

$$\varepsilon[l] = \varepsilon[l-1] + \theta \cdot (\mu_\infty - \varepsilon[l-1]) + x_\varepsilon[l], \quad x_\varepsilon[l] \sim \mathcal{N}(0; \sigma_{OU}^2)$$

Coherence Drift

- Complex-conjugated product of consecutive coherence functions: $P_r(l, k) = \Gamma_{12}(l, k) \cdot \Gamma_{12}^*(l - l_d, k)$
- Phase of coherence product $\angle P_r(l, k) \propto \bar{\varepsilon}_{12}[l]$ if
 - Source position is the same in both frames
 - SRO is close to zero

Dynamic Weighted Average Coherence Drift (DWACD)

- Adaptation of online WACD [1]:
 - $P_{WACD}(l, k) = \alpha \cdot P_{WACD}(l-1, k) + (1-\alpha) \cdot P_r(l, k)$
 - Reduce frame length used for coherence estimation
 - Reduce temporal distance l_d
 - Estimate SRO from $P_{WACD}(l, k)$:

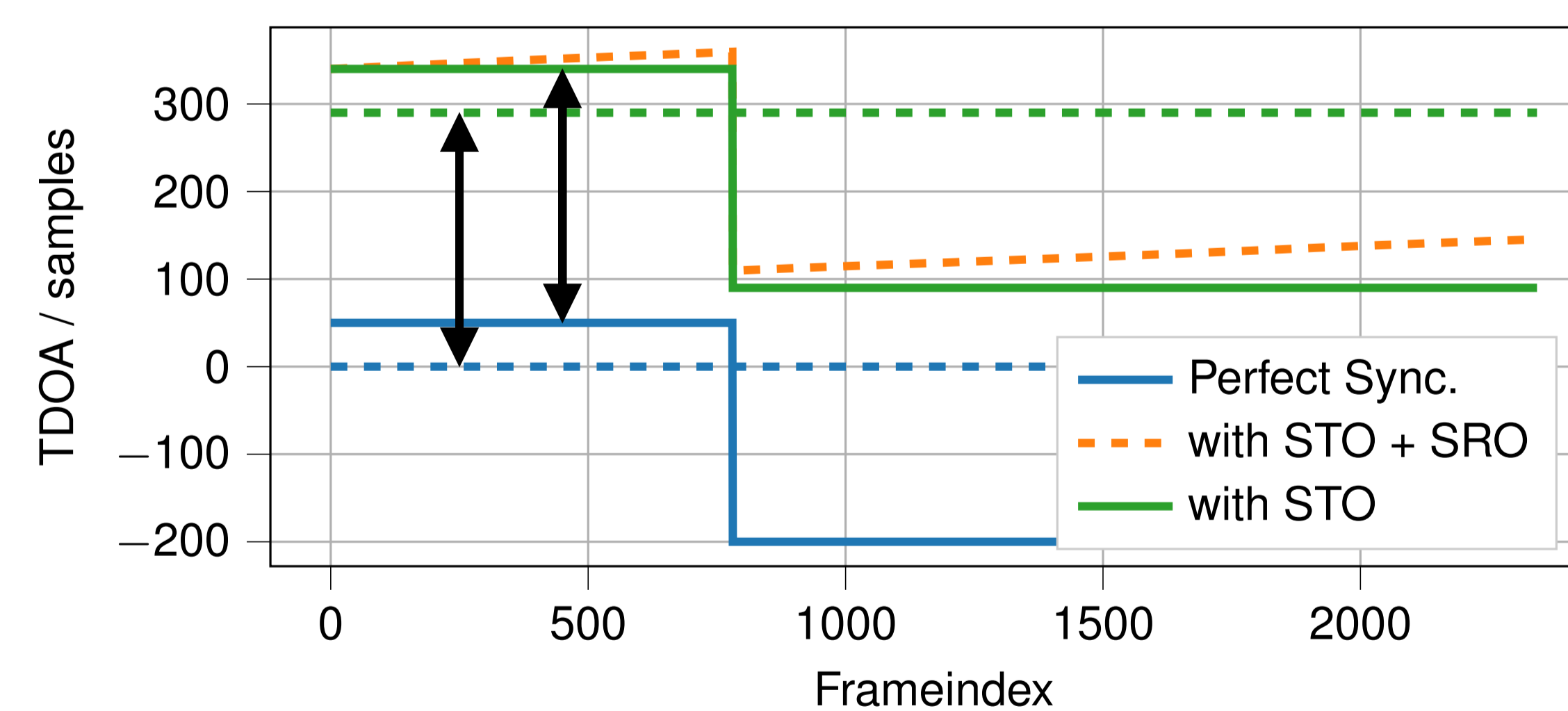
$$P_{WACD}(l, k) \approx W(l, k) \cdot \exp\left(j \frac{2\pi k}{N} l_d B_s \bar{\varepsilon}_{12}[l]\right)$$

$$\hat{\varepsilon}_{12}[l] = -\frac{1}{l_d B_s} \cdot \underset{\lambda}{\operatorname{argmax}} |\rho_{WACD}(l, \lambda)|$$

with $\rho_{WACD}(l, \lambda) = \operatorname{IFFT}\{P_{WACD}(l, k)\}$

- Use current SRO estimate to resample the next signal frame for coherence estimation

STO Estimation



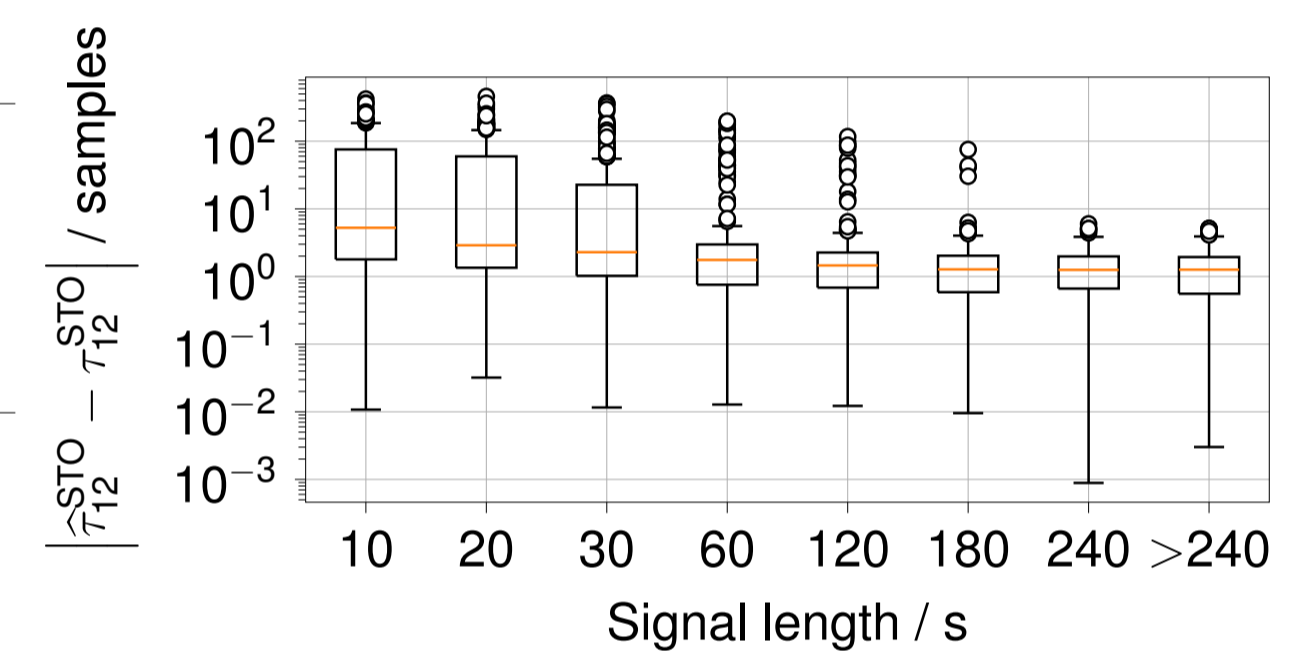
- Goal: Compensate for STO such that synchronized signals correctly represent the time of flight (TOF) from source position to microphone position
- Principle: Align time difference of arrival (TDOA) with time difference of flight (TDOF)
 - TDOA: $\tau_{12}[l] = (d_2[l] - d_1[l])/c \cdot f_s - (T_2 - T_1) \cdot f_s$
 - Estimated source-microphone distances [2] \rightarrow TDOF
- STO estimation via a least squares problem

Experiments

Setup	$\varepsilon \neq \text{const.}$	Multi-Pos. Silence	Method	avg.	avg.	max.
				RMSE of SRO / ppm	RMSE of SRO shift / samples	RMSE of SRO shift / samples
Setup-1	✓	✓	Online WACD	0.21	0.14	0.50
			DXCP-PhaT	0.15	0.36	0.68
			DWACD	0.40	0.15	0.50
Setup-2	✓	✓	Online WACD	0.63	0.73	2.09
			DXCP-PhaT	0.66	0.97	2.73
			DWACD	0.51	0.27	1.04
Setup-3	✓	✓	Online WACD	2.98	6.04	21.00
			DXCP-PhaT	28.96	21.84	161.54
			DXCP-PhaT ₈	1.31	2.70	7.76
			DWACD	0.57	0.32	1.20
Setup-4	✓	✓	Online WACD	2.80	3.25	10.96
			DXCP-PhaT	22.42	16.61	160.49
			DXCP-PhaT ₈	1.28	2.81	6.93
			DWACD	0.64	0.32	1.10

Average RMSE of the SRO in ppm

σ_{SRO} / ppm	Online WACD	DXCP-PhaT	DWACD
0 - 1	0.55	0.54	0.49
1 - 2	0.60	0.61	0.51
2 - 3	0.63	0.69	0.51
3 - 4	0.71	0.80	0.54



Summary

- Time-varying SROs and source position changes
- SRO estimation via DWACD method
 - Previously proposed online SRO estimators fail to properly handle dynamic scenarios
 - Adaptation of our online WACD method to dynamic scenario
- STO estimation method
 - Synchronization which reflects the physical TDOFs
 - Usage of source-microphone distance estimates as support information

Open Source Toolbox

<https://github.com/fgnt/paderwasn>

[1] A. Chinaev, G. Enzner, T. Gburrek, and J. Schmalenstroerer, "Online Estimation of Sampling Rate Offsets in Wireless Acoustic Sensor Networks with Packet Loss," in Proc. EUSIPCO, 2021
[2] T. Gburrek, J. Schmalenstroerer, and R. Haeb-Umbach, "On source-microphone distance estimation using convolutional recurrent neural networks," in Proc. ITG-Conference, 2021.