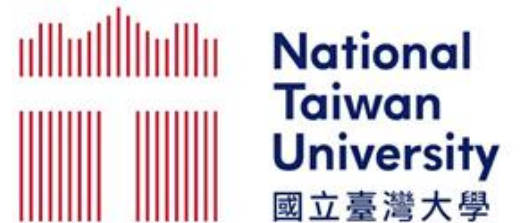




CF-Net: Complementary Fusion Network for Rotation-Invariant Point Cloud Completion

Bo-Fan Chen, Yang-Ming Yeh, Yi-Chang Lu

Lab for Data Processing Systems, GIEE, NTU

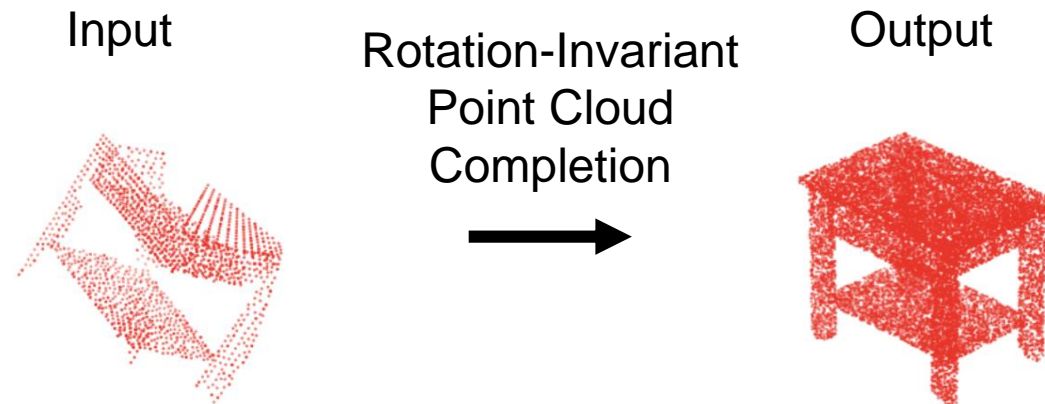


Outline

- Introduction
- Method
- Experiments
- Design Analyses
- Conclusion
- References

Rotation-Invariant Point Cloud Completion

- Point clouds without a fixed orientation, even though they are complete, can still undermine the performance of the downstream tasks.
- Rotation-invariant point cloud completion

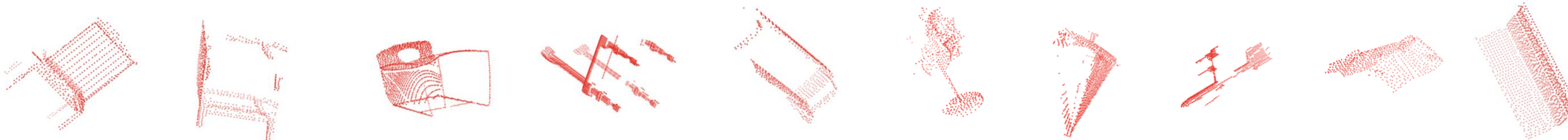


ShapeNet Dataset

Original
Input



Rotated
Input



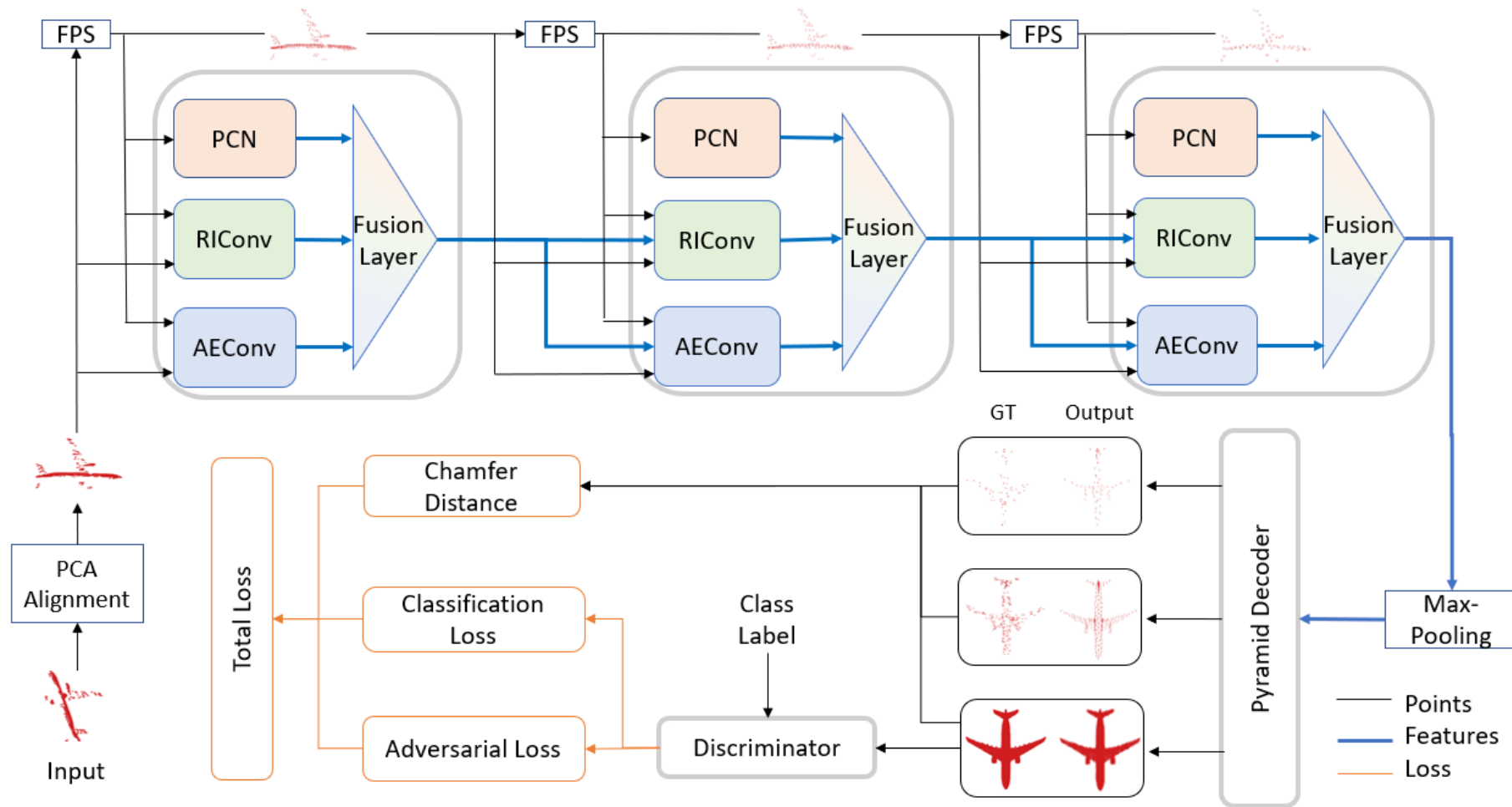
Ground
Truth



Outline

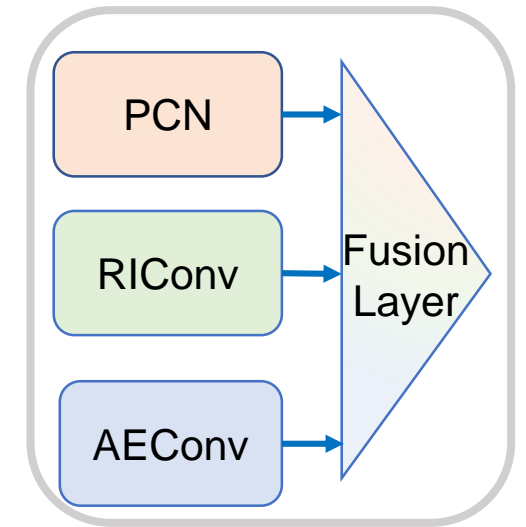
- Introduction
- **Method**
- Experiments
- Design Analyses
- Conclusion

CF-Net – Overall Architecture



Encoder

- PCN [1]
 - Robust against local defects
 - Rotation-variant
- RICnv [10] 、 AEConv [11]
 - Sensitive to local defects
 - Rotation-invariant
 - Different perceptive fields
- Attention-based fusion layer similar to that proposed in LGR-Net [12]



Decoder/Discriminator

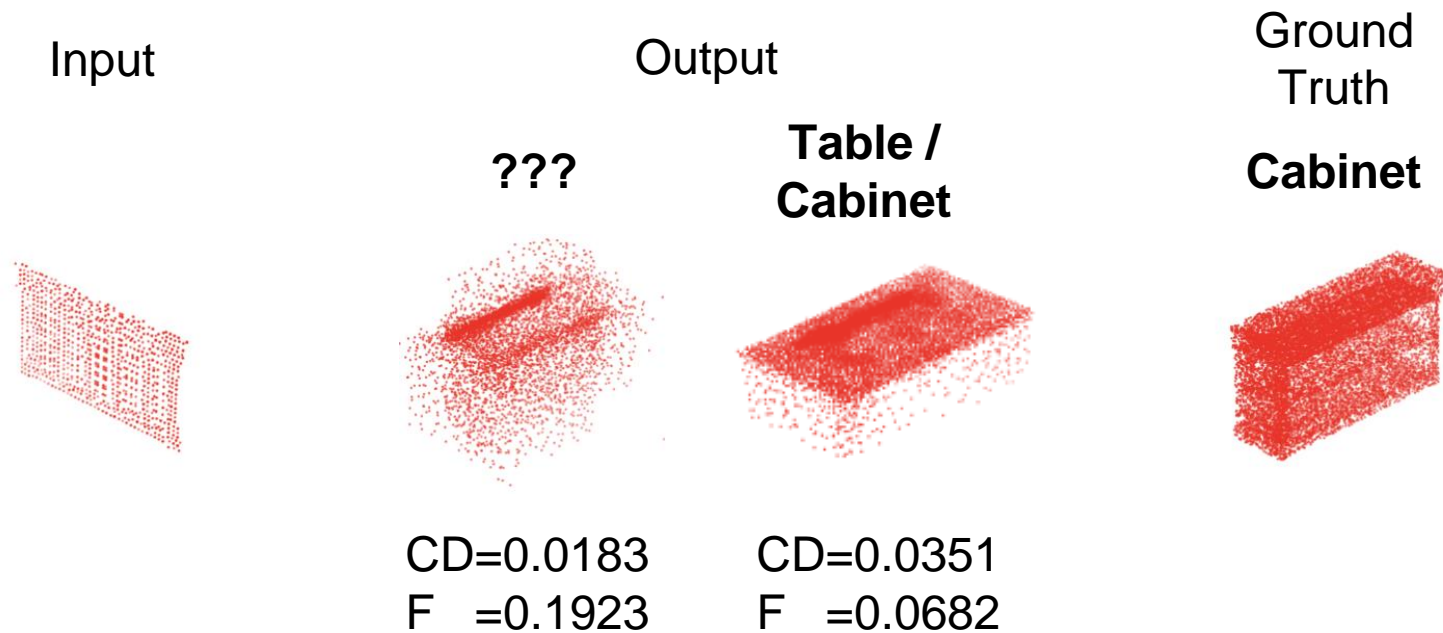
- Pyramid Decoder [4]
 - Proposed in PFNet
 - Coarse-to-fine completion results
- ACGAN Discriminator [14]
 - With classification loss is added
 - Prevents generating an object in a wrong category but with high visual authenticity

Outline

- Introduction
- Method
- **Experiments**
- Design Analyses
- Conclusion

Evaluation Metric - Geometric

- Chamfer Distance (CD)
- F-score
- Geometric metrics have limitations.



Evaluation Metric – Semantic

- Train a separate classification network on the ground truths
 - PointNet-like [2]
 - DGCNN-like [15]
- Feed the completion results to the classification network.
 - Classification accuracy is the semantic metric
- High classification accuracy means
 - Completion results perceived as the correct object
 - Benefits downstream modules

Results

Table 1: Completion results on the rotated (SO3) ShapeNet dataset.

Methods	CD	F-score	Acc. (%)	Acc. (%)
			PointNet	DGCNN
PCN [1]	18.48	0.4175	67.78	68.72
TopNet [3]	30.55	0.2261	29.53	33.00
PFNet [4]	30.42	0.1840	20.11	21.92
RFA [5]	21.20	0.3754	61.17	63.28
GLFA [5]	22.78	0.3415	57.11	57.83
GRNet [16]	29.63	0.2810	50.25	52.17
Ours	16.30	0.5190	90.47	88.72
Ground Truth	-	-	95.83	96.92

Outline

- Introduction
- Method
- Experiments
- **Design Analyses**
- Conclusion

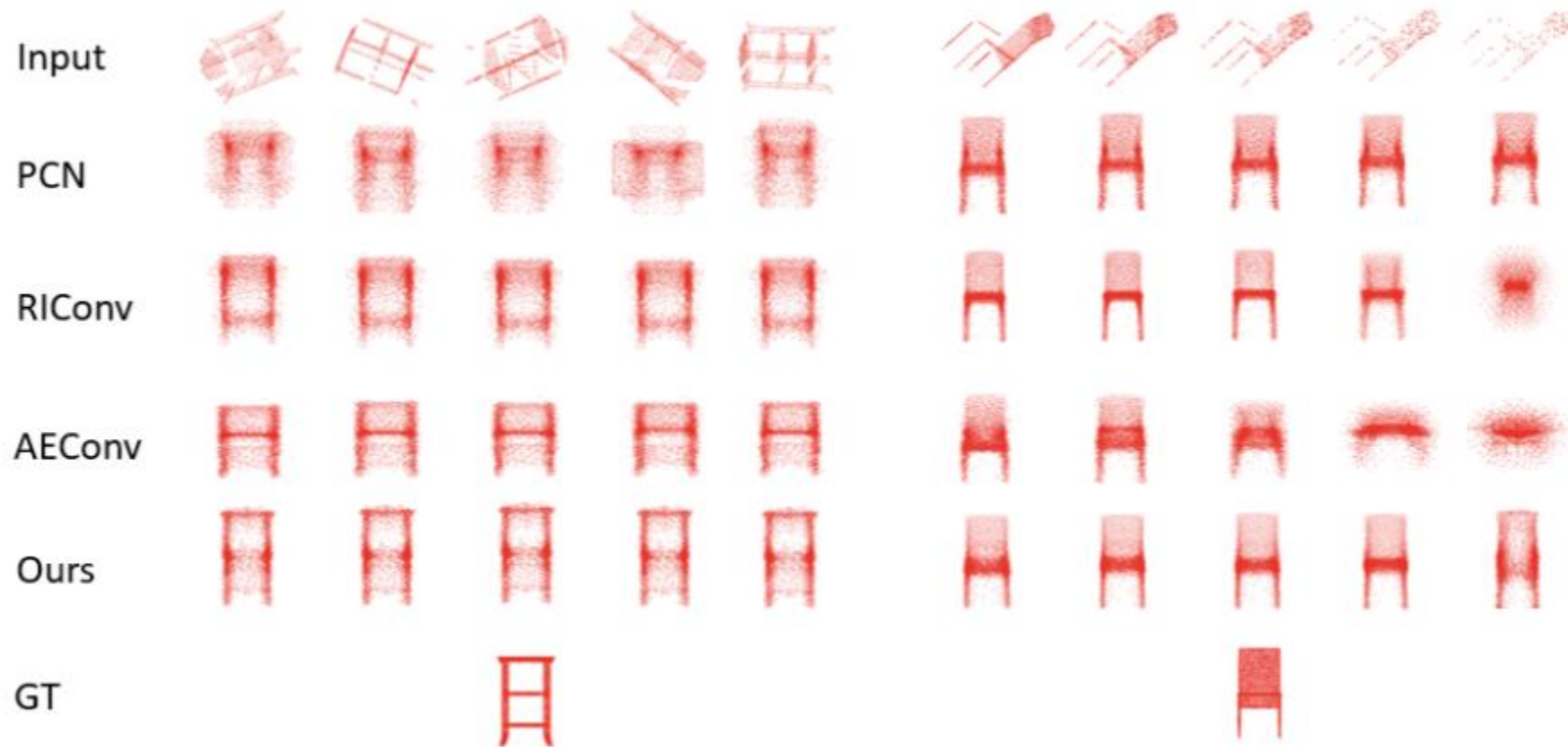
Operator Analysis

- We compare the operators included in our design
 - For a fair comparison, we use a fully connected decoder for each operator

Methods	CD	F-score	Acc. PointNet	Acc. DGCNN
PCN*	18.85	0.3440	49.70	52.61
RICnv*	19.13	0.3563	60.78	61.33
AECnv*	18.57	0.3590	61.61	63.78
Ours*	15.81	0.4651	82.47	79.25

*: with fully connected decoder

Operator Analysis



Outline

- Introduction
- Method
- Experiments
- Design Analyses
- **Conclusion**

Conclusion

- A good completion method should be able to handle input data taken from different viewpoints, and generate complete point clouds of a unified orientation.
- In this work, a neural network is designed for rotation invariant point cloud completion. The proposed CF-Net, with an encoder-decoder structure, can generate quality results semantically and geometrically.

References

- [1] Wentao Yuan, Tejas Khot, David Held, Christoph Mertz, and Martial Hebert, “Pcn: Point completion network,” in *2018 International Conference on 3D Vision (3DV)*. IEEE, 2018, pp. 728–737.
- [2] Charles R Qi, Hao Su, Kaichun Mo, and Leonidas J Guibas, “Pointnet: Deep learning on point sets for 3d classification and segmentation,” in *Proceedings of the IEEE conference on computer vision and pattern recognition*, 2017, pp. 652–660.
- [3] Lyne P Tchapmi, Vineet Kosaraju, Hamid Reza Tofighi, Ian Reid, and Silvio Savarese, “Topnet: Structural point cloud decoder,” in *Proceedings of the IEEE/CVF Conference on Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition*, 2019, pp. 383–392.
- [4] Zitian Huang, Yikuan Yu, Jiawen Xu, Feng Ni, and Xinyi Le, “Pf-net: Point fractal network for 3d point cloud completion,” in *Proceedings of the IEEE/CVF Conference on Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition*, 2020, pp. 7662–7670.
- [5] Wenxiao Zhang, Qingan Yan, and Chunxia Xiao, “Detail preserved point cloud completion via separated feature aggregation,” *arXiv preprint arXiv:2007.02374* 2020.
- [6] Charles Ruizhongtai Qi, Li Yi, Hao Su, and Leonidas J Guibas, “Pointnet++: Deep hierarchical feature learning on point sets in a metric space,” in *Advances in neural information processing systems*, 2017, pp. 5099–5108.
- [7] Minghua Liu, Lu Sheng, Sheng Yang, Jing Shao, and Shi-Min Hu, “Morphing and sampling network for dense point cloud completion,” in *Proceedings of the AAAI Conference on Artificial Intelligence*, 2020, vol. 34, pp. 11596–11603.
- [8] Hyeontae Son and Young Min Kim, “Saum: Symmetry-aware upsampling module for consistent point cloud completion,” in *Proceedings of the Asian Conference on Computer Vision 2020*.

References

- [9] Xiaogang Wang, Marcelo H Ang Jr, and Gim Hee Lee, “Cascaded refinement network for point cloud completion,” in *Proceedings of the IEEE/CVF Conference on Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition*, 2020, pp. 790–799.
- [10] Zhiyuan Zhang, Binh-Son Hua, David W Rosen, and Sai-Kit Yeung, “Rotation invariant convolutions for 3d point clouds deep learning,” in *2019 International Conference on 3D Vision (3DV)*. IEEE, 2019, pp. 204–213.
- [11] Junming Zhang, Ming-Yuan Yu, Ram Vasudevan, and Matthew Johnson-Roberson, “Learning rotation-invariant representations of point clouds using aligned edge convolutional neural networks,” in *2020 International Conference on 3D Vision (3DV)*. IEEE, 2020, pp. 200–209.
- [12] Chen Zhao, Jiaqi Yang, Xin Xiong, Angfan Zhu, Zhiguo Cao, and Xin Li, “Rotation invariant point cloud classification: Where local geometry meets global topology,” *arXiv preprint arXiv:1911.00195* 2019.
- [13] Haoqiang Fan, Hao Su, and Leonidas J Guibas, “A point set generation network for 3d object reconstruction from a single image,” in *Proceedings of the IEEE conference on computer vision and pattern recognition*, 2017, pp. 605–613.
- [14] Augustus Odena, Christopher Olah, and Jonathon Shlens, “Conditional image synthesis with auxiliary classifier gans,” in *International conference on machine learning*. PMLR, 2017, pp. 2642–2651.
- [15] Yue Wang, Yongbin Sun, Ziwei Liu, Sanjay E Sarma, Michael M Bronstein, and Justin M Solomon, “Dynamic graph cnn for learning on point clouds,” *ACM Transactions on Graphics (TOG)*, vol. 38, no. 5, pp. 1–12, 2019.
- [16] Haozhe Xie, Hongxun Yao, Shangchen Zhou, Jiageng Mao, Shengping Zhang, and Wenxiu Sun, “Grnet: gridding residual network for dense point cloud completion,” in *European Conference on Computer Vision Springer*, 2020, pp. 365–381.

Thank You