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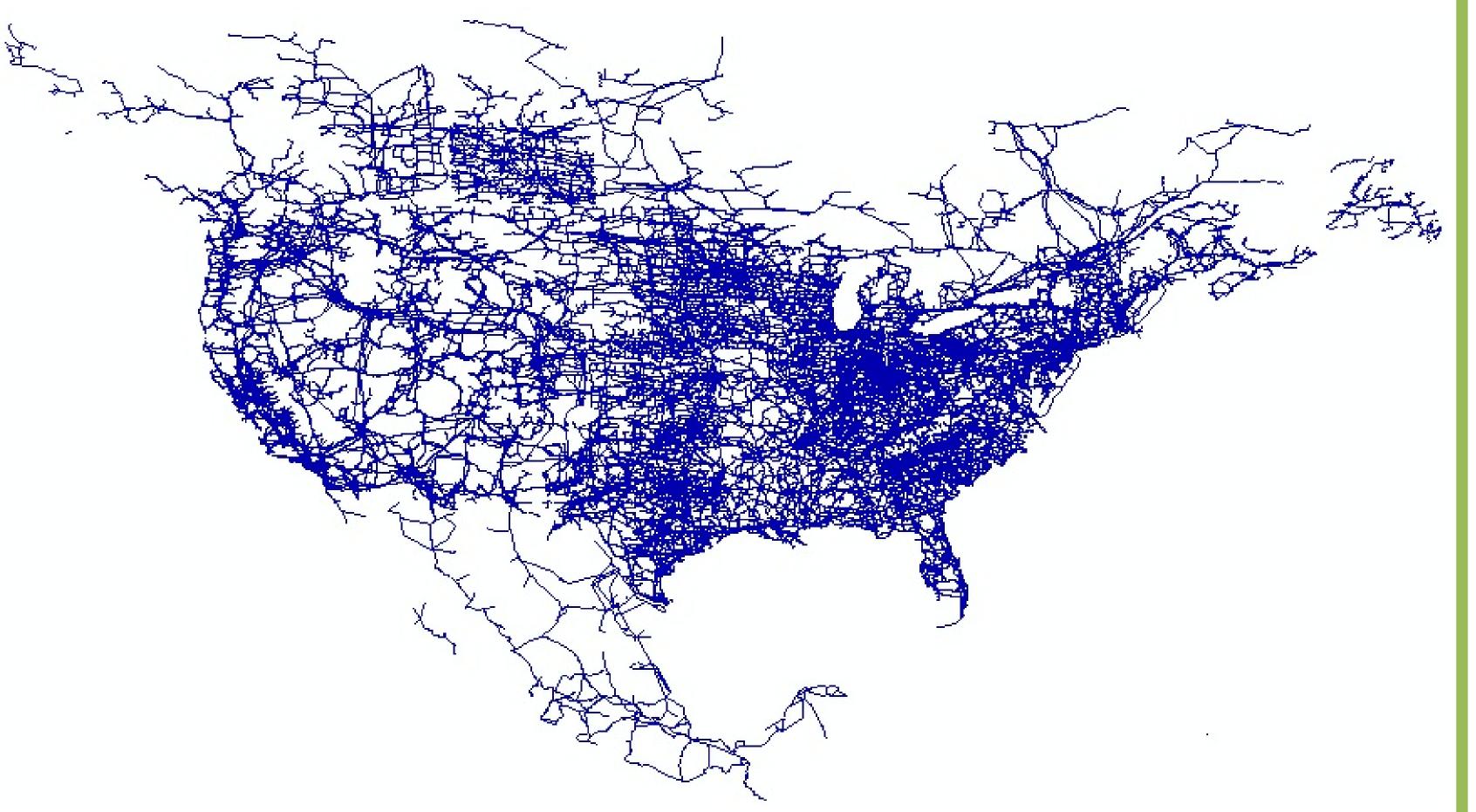
Effective Attacks against Power Grid Systems for Causing Cascading Failures

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Problem Statement

Motivation:

- 2005 Java-Bali blackout, affected 100 million people.
- 2003 Northeast blackout, affected 55 million people.
- Cascading failures: The failure of a small set of components (e.g. substations, transmission lines) can triggers large scale failure in power grid systems.
- Goal: Understanding cascading failures; developing systematic



approaches to identify most vulnerable network components.

System Models

Network model

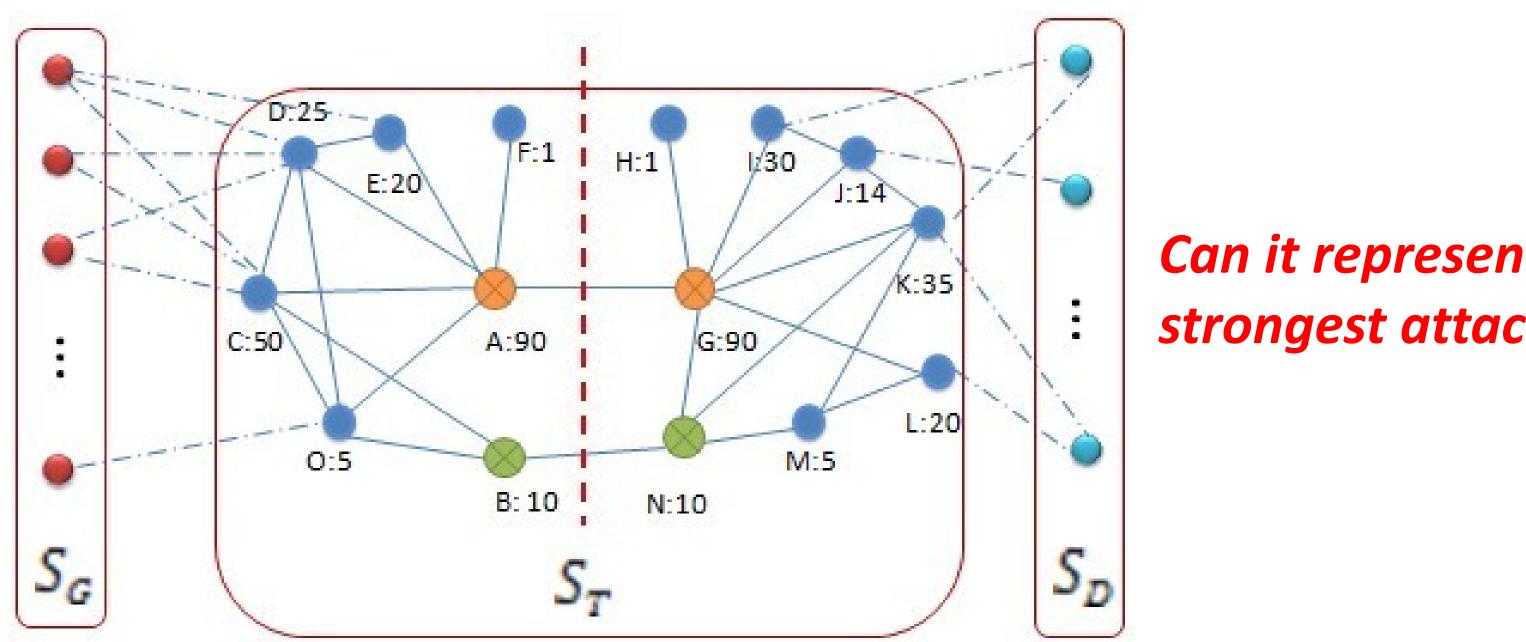
- Weighted graph, G, to model the topology of power grid. Substations as nodes and transmission lines as links.

- Attack model
 - Removal of one or more substations/lines
- Load redistribution model
 - Load \rightarrow Betweenness

- Node/link failure \rightarrow shortest path changes \rightarrow overloading \rightarrow link efficiency change \rightarrow shortest path change \rightarrow ...

Traditional Attack Strategies

Selecting victim nodes based on the load



Proposed Attack Strategy

- New metric: feature vector (FV)
 - The feature vector of node *j* is defined as the new load distribution of all nodes after removing node *j*. - Similarly, we can define the feature vector of link k. -Feature vectors can easily represent the different impact caused by removing different components in the grid, based on which nodes (or links) will be grouped.

Fig. 1 The power grid of North American

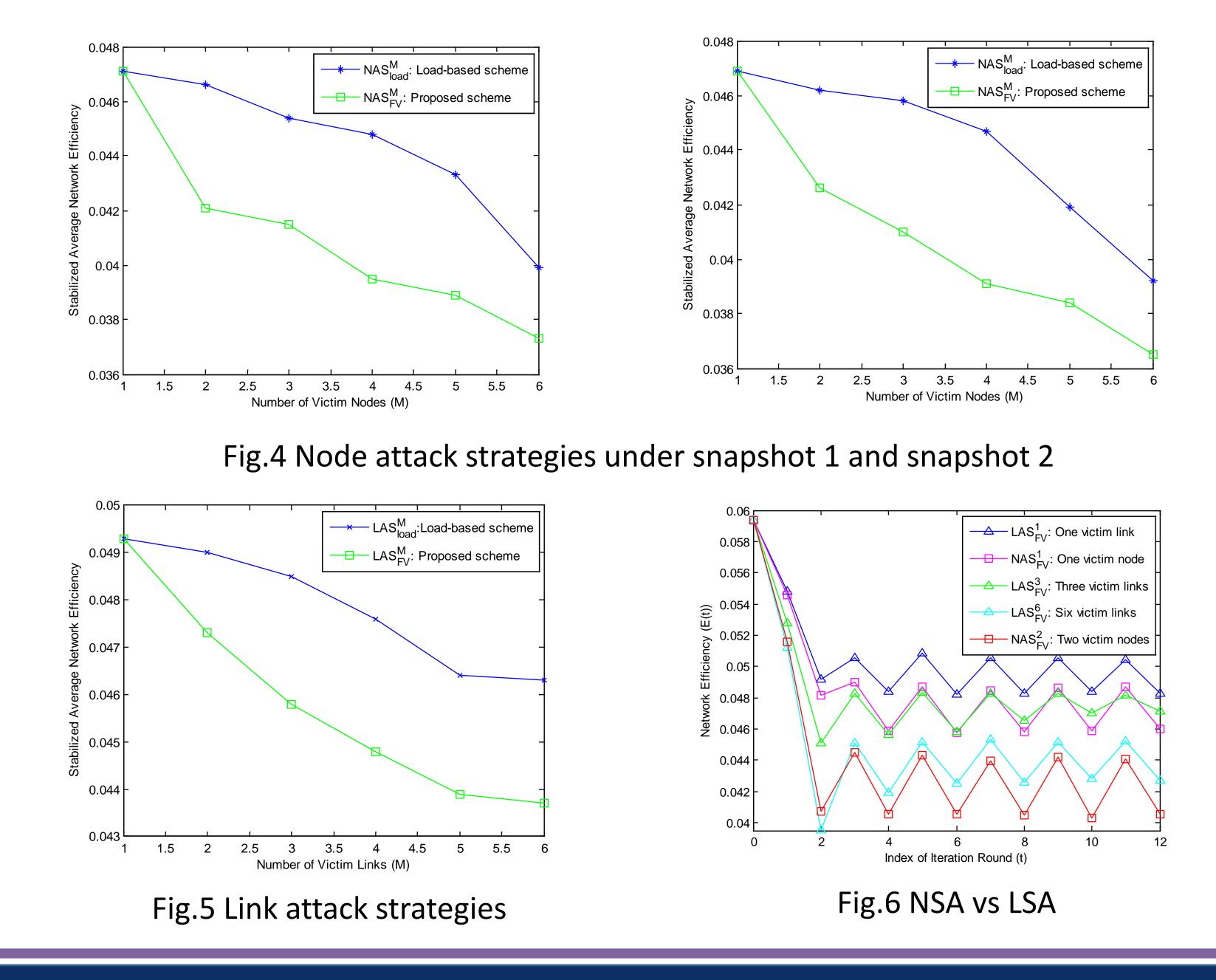
Can it represent the strongest attack?

Fig. 2 An example shows the limitation of load-based traditional attack strategy

How to find the stronger attack? - Choosing critical nodes from different regions

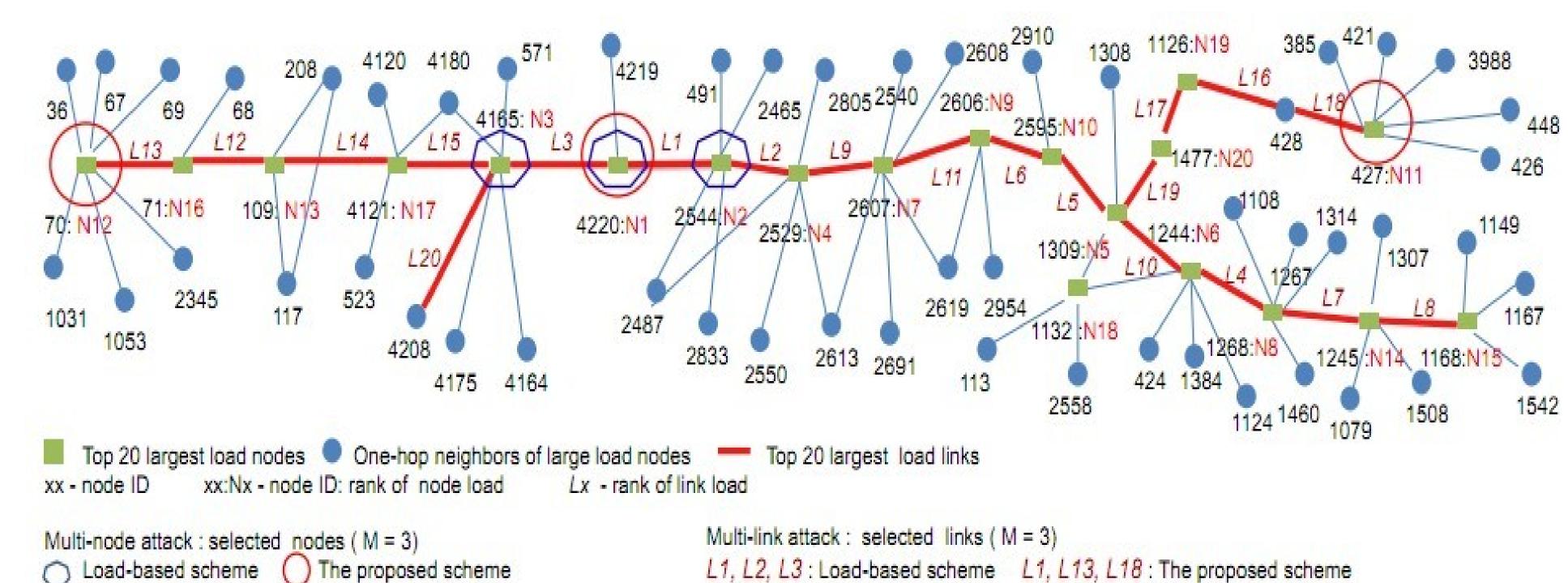
Simulation Results

Testing data set: Western North American power grid network benchmark



New attack strategies

- Feature vector based multi-node attack strategy
- Feature vector based multi-link attack strategy



THINK BIG

WE DO"

Fig.3 Different attack scenarios

Impact

Understanding the vulnerability of power grid system from attackers' points of view Providing the new metric to describe impact of different components of the network Leading to joint investigation on node failure and link failure