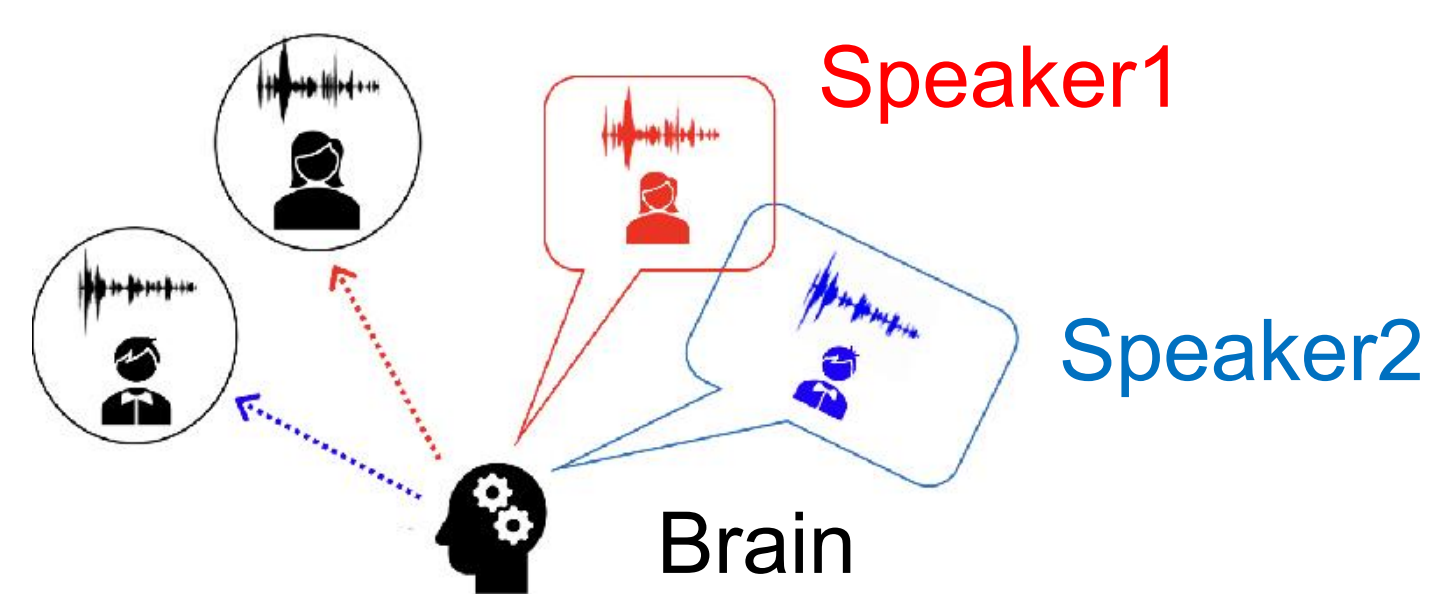


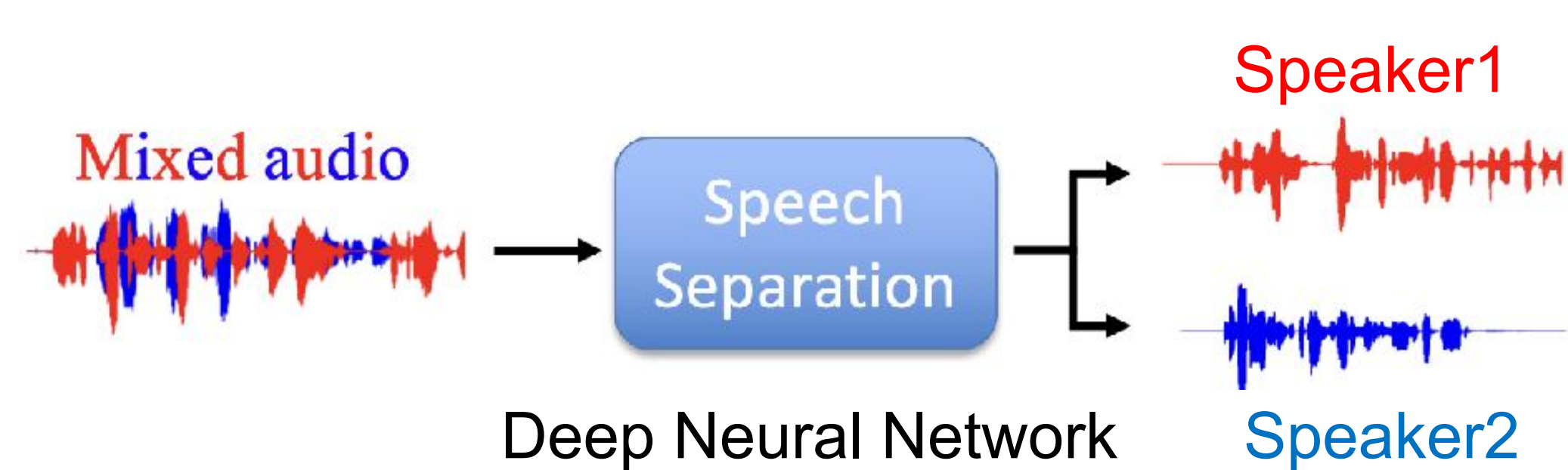
Zizheng Zhang, Chen Chen, Hsin-Hung Chen, Xiang Liu, Yuchen Hu, Eng Siong Chng

## SPEECH SEPARATION TASK

For Human:



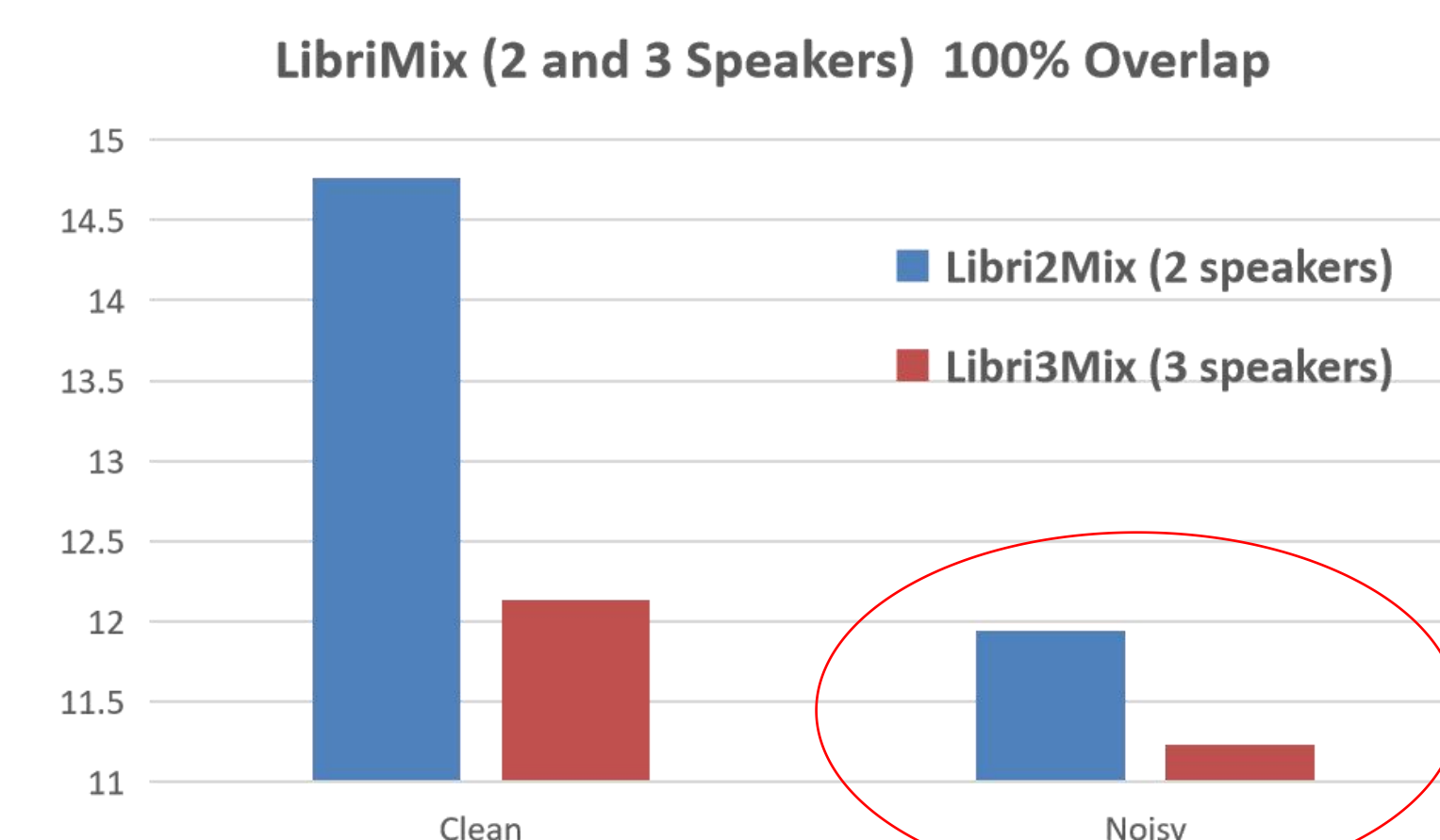
For Machine:



## PRIOR WORK

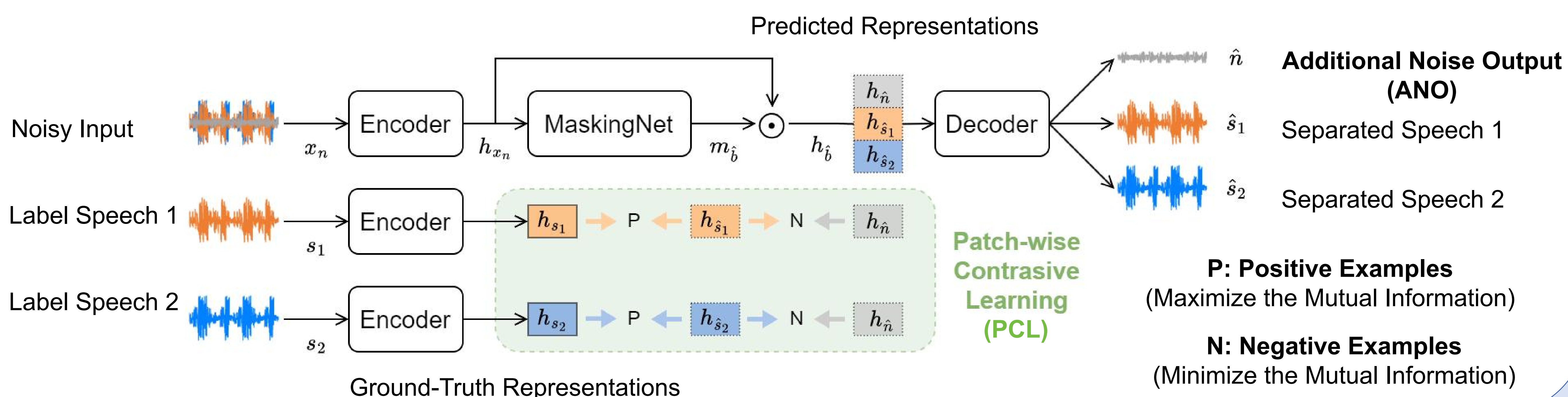
Sepformer Model on LibriMix Dataset:

Higher is better

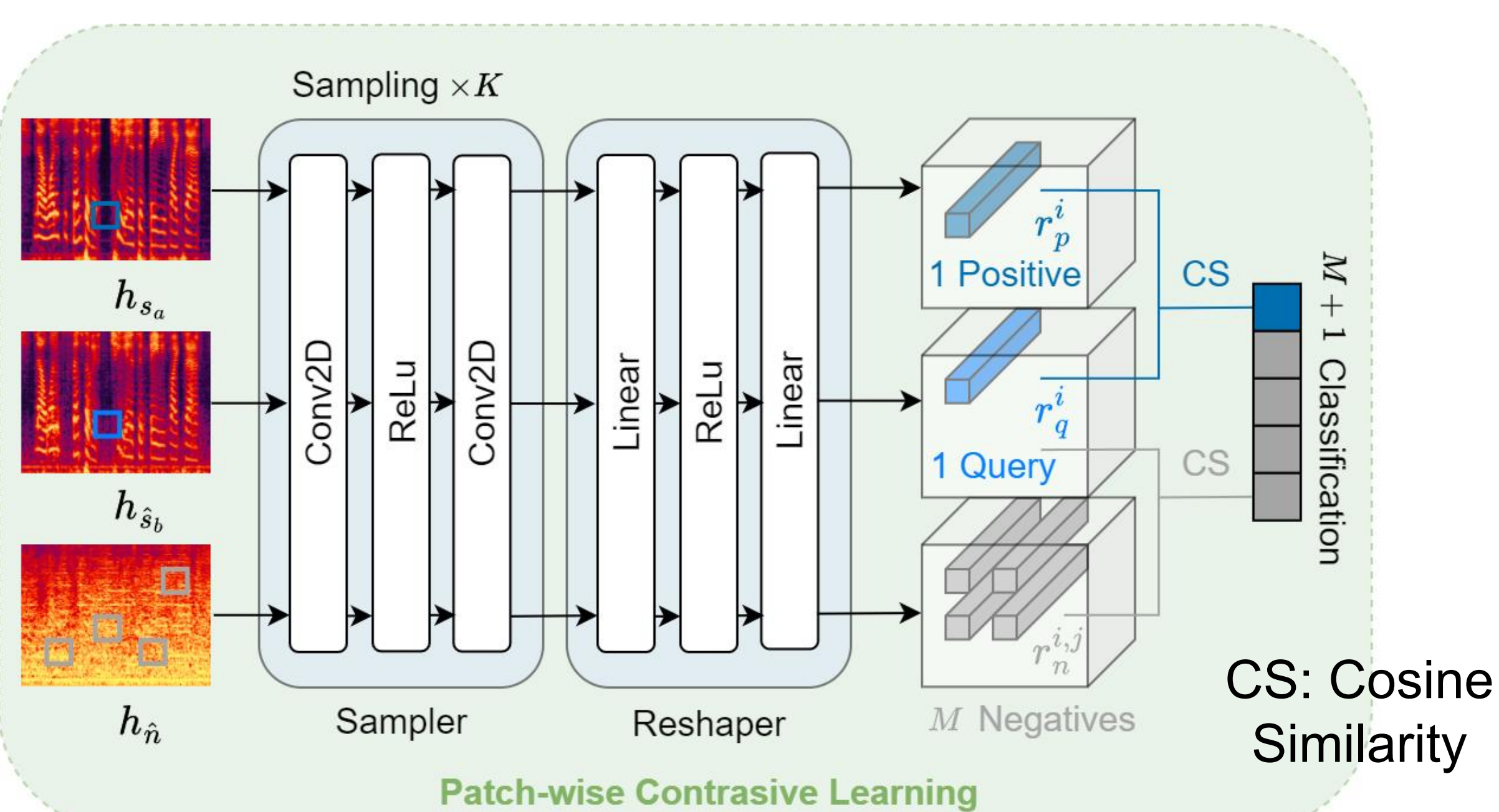


We are focusing on improving the performance under **noisy condition**

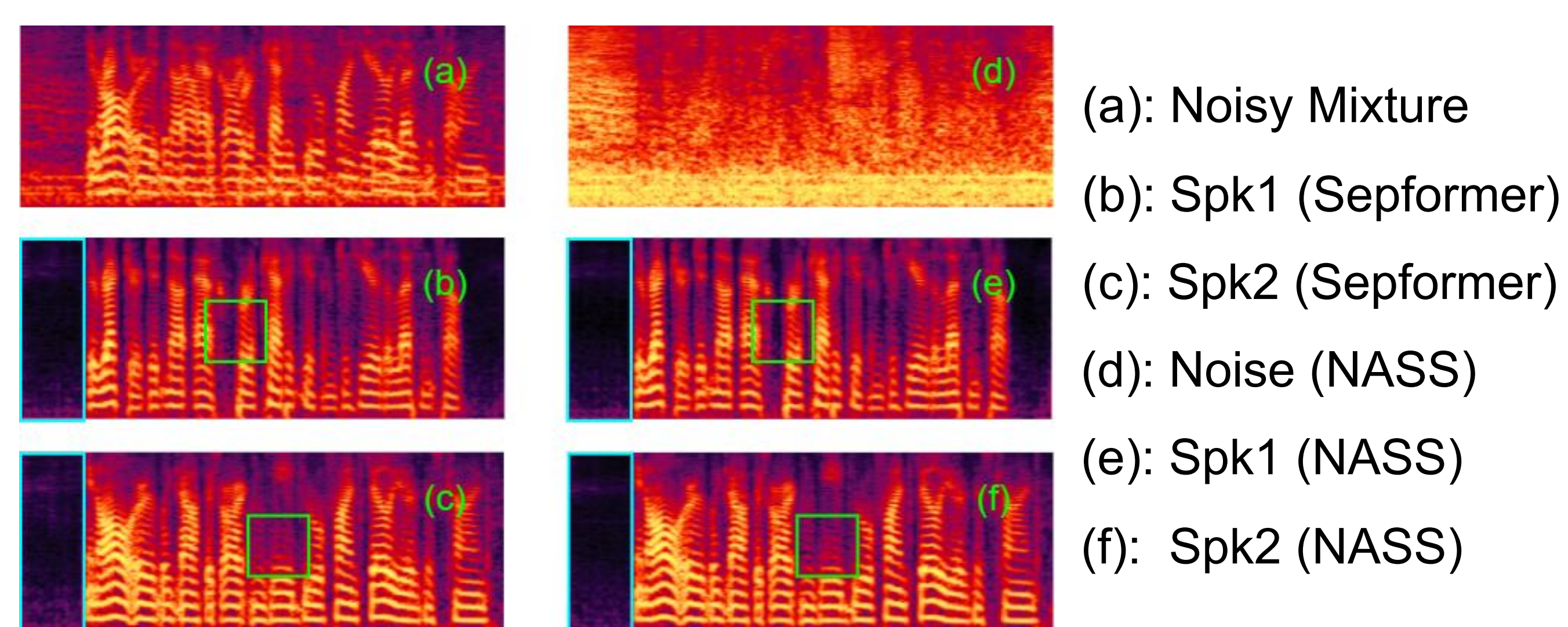
## OVERALL PIPELINE OF PROPOSED METHODS (NASS)



## DETAILS OF PCL



## SPECTRUM RESULTS



## LIBRIMIX & WHAM! RESULTS

For LibriMix:

Method	Spk	SI-SNRi (dB)	SDRi (dB)	Params (M)
DPRNN*	2	13.1	13.7	14.8
	3	11.3	11.9	14.9
Sepformer*	2	13.2	13.8	25.8
	3	10.0	10.5	25.9
DPRNN (NASS)	2	<b>13.5</b>	<b>14.1</b>	14.8
	3	<b>12.4</b>	<b>12.9</b>	14.9
Sepformer (NASS)	2	<b>14.4</b>	<b>15.0</b>	25.8
	3	<b>12.1</b>	<b>12.7</b>	25.9

For WHAM!:

Method	SI-SNRi (dB)	SDRi (dB)	Params (M)
DPRNN [3]	13.7	14.1	2.7
Sepformer [4]	14.4	15.0	26.0
DPRNN (NASS)	<b>15.8</b>	<b>16.1</b>	14.9
Sepformer (NASS)	<b>16.5</b>	<b>16.8</b>	25.8

## CONTRIBUTIONS

- We propose a noise-aware speech separation (NASS) method to make use of the noise information and the mutual information.
- NASS consists of an additional noise output (ANO) and patch-wise contrastive learning (PCL) to further separate in detail.
- NASS achieves **1 to 2dB SI-SNRi or SDRi** over DPRNN and Sepformer on WHAM! and LibriMix noisy datasets, with **less than 0.1M parameter increase**.

Repo Link



Paper Link

