SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIALS FOR "ANIMAKE-3D: ANIMATABLE MAKEUP TRANSFER FOR 3D GAUSSIAN HEAD AVATAR"

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7. ADDITIONAL RESULTS

Makeup Transfer: We present additional results that demonstrate the robustness and superiority of AniMake-3D in makeup transfer. As shown in Fig. 2,3, AniMake-3D excels in identity preservation, even under variations in expression and extreme poses, due to its explicit extraction of the makeup layer. Our framework effectively transfers detailed makeup styles from simple to complex looks while maintaining robustness.

Novel View Synthesis: Fig. 1 presents novel views of a makeup-transferred 3D Gaussian head avatar across various viewing angles, demonstrating high consistency across different poses and expressions as it is built upon 3D Gaussian Splatting (3DGS). Our framework offers flexibility in conditioning, allowing the use of either a reference image or a text prompt, making it applicable to a wider range of use cases.

8. PRELIMINARY

3D Gaussian Splatting 3DGS [1] is a point-based volume rendering technique that represents each primitive as a Gaussian kernel, defined as:

$$G(x) = e^{-\frac{1}{2}(x-\mu)^T \Sigma^{-1}(x-\mu)},$$
(1)

where μ denotes the Gaussian's position and Σ is the 3D covariance matrix. To ensure Σ remains positive semi-definite, it is factorized into a rotation matrix R and a scaling matrix Sas follows:

$$\Sigma = RSS^T R^T.$$
⁽²⁾

During rendering, 3D Gaussians are projected onto the image plane as 2D Gaussians. The covariance of the projected 2D Gaussians using:

$$\Sigma' = JW\Sigma J^T W^T,\tag{3}$$

where W represents the viewing transformation and J is the Jacobian of the affine approximation of the projective transformation. The final pixel color is then computed through volumetric rendering as:

$$C = \sum_{i \in N} \left(\alpha_i \prod_{j < i} (1 - \alpha_j) \right) c_i, \tag{4}$$

where c_i is the color of each Gaussian and α_i is the density determined by the projected 2D Gaussian's covariance Σ' and the Gaussian's opacity o_i .

9. DETAILS ON EVALUATION METRIC

Temporal Covariance metric When makeup components shift in position over time on a face, it appears perceptually unnatural. To quantify this effect, we first extract pixel locations corresponding to semantically meaningful facial regions using landmark estimation with SPIGA [2]. Next, we compute the pixel-wise gradient at each landmark. We then calculate the covariance between the gradient values of the method's output and those of the original image to measure their correlation. The formulation is given as follows:

$$\operatorname{Cov}\left(\left.\frac{\partial C_O}{\partial t}\right|_{t-1}^T, \left.\frac{\partial C_M}{\partial t}\right|_{t-1}^T\right)$$

, where C_O denotes the pixel color of the original image, C_M represents the pixel color of the method's output, T is the number of frames, and Cov denotes covariance.

Since our framework optimizes makeup layer features within a unified UV space representation, the makeup components remain robust to changes in pose and expression. As a result, our framework achieves a higher temporal covariance metric score compared to other image-to-image makeup transfer methods during rendering.

10. ETHICAL ISSUES

Our method performs makeup style transfer from a reference image, enabling re-animation and novel view synthesis. We strongly oppose any misuse of this work for generating deceptive content that spreads misinformation or harms reputations.

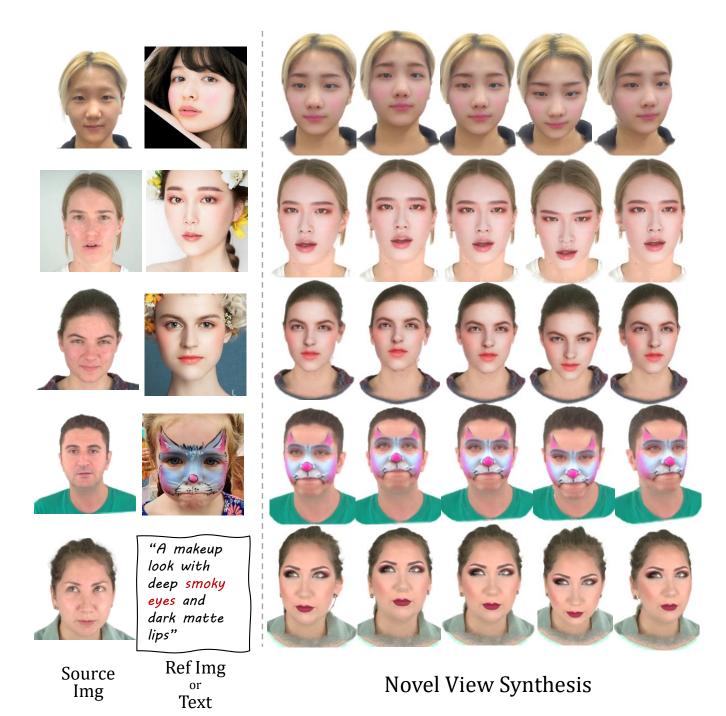


Fig. 1. Makeup transferred 3D Gaussian Avatar in novel view.

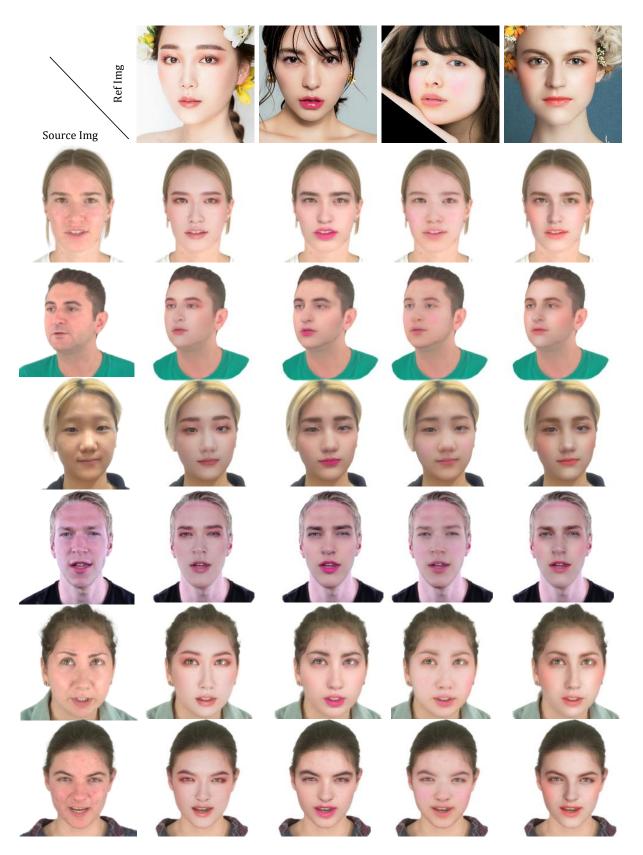


Fig. 2. More results of AniMake-3D in the makeup transfer task.

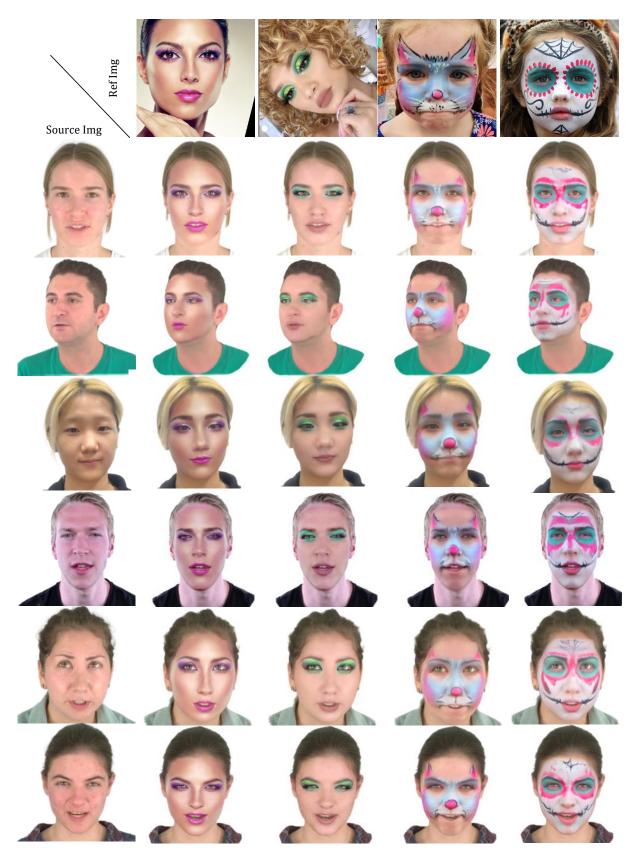


Fig. 3. More results of AniMake-3D in the makeup transfer task.

11. REFERENCES

- Bernhard Kerbl, Georgios Kopanas, Thomas Leimkühler, and George Drettakis, "3d gaussian splatting for real-time radiance field rendering.," *ACM Trans. Graph.*, vol. 42, no. 4, pp. 139–1, 2023.
- [2] Andrés Prados-Torreblanca, José M Buenaposada, and Luis Baumela, "Shape preserving facial landmarks with graph attention networks," *arXiv preprint arXiv:2210.07233*, 2022.