

Hierarchical and Multi-View Dependency Modeling Network for Conversational Emotion Recognition

◆ Introduction

1. Background

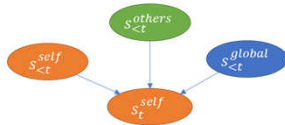
- The **modeling of conversational context** plays an important role for emotion recognition in conversations
- The **structured information in conversational context** are **generally complicated**, especially for those with multi-turn and multi-speaker

Hierarchical

token/word \rightarrow utterance \rightarrow context

The speaker dependency are reflected in two aspects, i.e., the token-level and the utterance-level

Multi-View



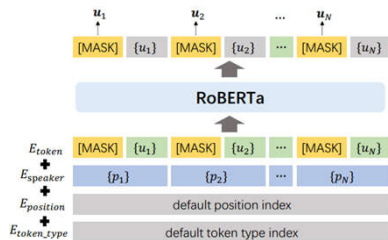
2. Our work

- propose a **hierarchical and multi-view dependency modelling network (HMVDM)**
- the HMVDM model has a hierarchical structure with two main modules :

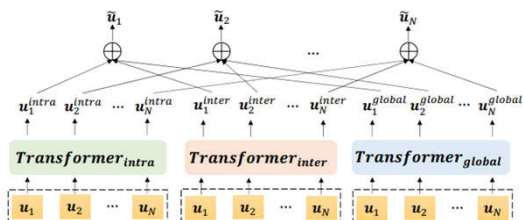
- 1) token-level dependency modeling module (TDM) aims to **learn the long-range token-level dependency** between different utterances
- 2) utterance-level dependency modelling module (UDM) aims to **learn the utterance-level dependency from intra-, inter-, and global-speaker(s) view**

◆ Methods

1. Token-level dependency modeling



2. Utterance-level dependency modeling



◆ Experiments

1. Datasets

	DD	MELD	IEMOCAP	EmoryNLP
#Dial.	13,118	1,432	151	897
train	11,118	1,038	100	713
dev	1,000	114	20	99
test	1,000	280	31	85
#Utt.	102,979	13,708	7,433	12,606
train	87,170	9,989	4,810	9,934
dev	8,069	1,109	1,000	1,344
test	7,740	2,610	1,623	1,328

2. Overall performance

- Compared with the RNN-based and Graph-based baseline models on four datasets

Models	DailyDialog		MELD		IEMOCAP		EmoryNLP	
	Macro F1	Micro F1	W-Avg. F1	Micro F1	W-Avg. F1	Micro F1	W-Avg. F1	Micro F1
DialogueRNN + RoBERTa	-	57.32	57.03	-	62.75	-	-	-
COSMIC	51.05	58.48	65.21	-	65.28	-	38.11	-
DialogueGCN	49.95	53.71	58.37	56.17	60.85	60.63	34.29	33.13
DialogXL	-	54.93	62.41	-	65.94	-	34.73	-
RGAT	-	54.31	60.91	-	65.22	-	34.42	-
KET	-	53.48	58.18	-	59.56	-	34.39	-
DAG-ERC*	-	59.33	63.65	-	68.03	-	39.02	-
TODKAT*	52.56	58.47	68.23	64.75	61.33	61.11	43.12	42.68
w/o KB	50.03	53.44	63.97	61.11	58.96	57.38	33.79	32.62
HMVDM	53.48	68.42	65.92	66.31	67.96	67.88	38.46	42.91

3. Ablation studies

- The ablation studies for the TDM module in HMVDM with **considering the speaker embeddings and long-range token dependency**

	W-Avg. F1	Micro F1
original	67.96	67.88
w/o speaker embedding	64.02	64.43
w/o long-range token dep.	62.00	61.71

- The ablation studies for the UDM module in HMVDM with **considering the utterance-level dependency from intra-, inter-, and global-speaker view** respectively

	W-Avg. F1	Micro F1
original	67.96	67.88
w/o intra-speaker dep.	64.81	64.73
w/o inter-speaker dep.	64.78	64.67
w/o global-speaker dep.	62.49	62.58

◆ Conclusion

- The long-range token-level dependency modeling is important for the ERC task
- Modeling the utterance-level dependency from intra-, inter-, and global-speaker(s) simultaneously is helpful